STRUCTURE SEARCH

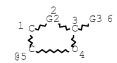
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=> d his 1132
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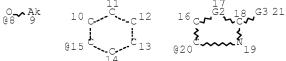
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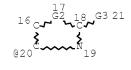
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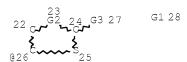
54 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (463-79-6/BI OR 10377-51-2/BI OR 105-58-8/BI OR 108-32-7/BI OR 108-88-3/BI OR 117-80-6/BI OR 1192-62-7/BI OR 1193-79-9 /BI OR 126-33-0/BI OR 127-63-9/BI OR 131651-65-5/BI OR 13243-65-7/BI OR 1330-20-7/BI OR 14024-11-4/BI OR 14283-07-9/BI OR 162684-16-4/BI OR 16851-82-4/BI OR 18424-17-4/BI OR 1889-59-4/BI OR 21324-40-3/BI OR 271-89-6/BI OR 27359-10-0/BI OR 28122-14-7/BI OR 28452-93-9/BI OR 29935-35-1/BI OR 33454-82-9/BI OR 35363-40-7/BI OR 3680-02-2/BI OR 37220-89-6/BI OR 39300-70-4/BI OR 4265-27-4/BI OR 4437-85-8/BI OR 462-06-6/BI OR 524-42-5/BI OR 5535-43-3/BI OR 5535-48-8 /BI OR 56525-42-9/BI OR 616-38-6/BI OR 620-32-6/BI OR 623-53-0/BI OR 623-96-1/BI OR 625-86-5/BI OR 67-71-0/BI OR 693-98-1/BI OR 71-43-2/BI OR 7439-93-2/BI OR 7447-41-8/BI OR 7474-83-1/BI OR 77-77-0/BI OR 7791-03-9 /BI OR 80-05-7/BI OR 90076-65-6/BI OR 95-15-8/BI OR

96-49-1/BT) L7 SCR 1838 L34









VAR G1=5/20/26 VAR G2=C/N VAR G3=H/C(0)CH3/7/8/15NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED ECOUNT IS M1-X6 C AT 7 ECOUNT IS M1-X6 C AT

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1947 OR 1994 OR 2016 OR 2026 T.38

OR 2022 OR 2006

278393 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L34 AND L7 NOT L38 L40

L42

Ak @22

VAR G1=14/15
VAR G2=OH/19/22
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS UNS AT 15
GGCAT IS UNS AT 22
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS M1-X6 C AT 14
ECOUNT IS M6-X12 C AT 15
ECOUNT IS M1-X6 C AT 18
ECOUNT IS M2-X6 C AT 22

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

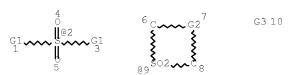
NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L44 SCR 1839

L45 SCR 1840 OR 2043 OR 1918

L48 3523 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L42 AND L44 NOT L45

L51 STR



VAR G1=AK/CB
REP G2=(0-9) A
VAR G3=2/9
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 4
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 5
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L57 SCR 2005 AND 2021 L59 SCR 1840 OR 2043 OR 2023 OR 1947 OR 1993 OR 2016 OR 2026 L61 45053 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L51 AND L57 NOT L59 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 80-05-7/RN L63 L65 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND ?PYRROL?/CNS 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 271-89-6/RN L66 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 693-98-1/RN L67 180074 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "SECONDARY BATTERIES"+ L68 MAX/CT

L69	85408	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BATTER?(2A)(SECONDAR? OR LITHIUM)
L70	199825	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 OR L69
L71		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON LITHIUM(2A) (SALT OR
ш / т	32300	HALIDE OR ELECTROLYTE OR CATION OR ION)
T 70		•
L72		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON ELECTROD?(2A)POSITIVE OR CATHOD?
L73		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLVENT?(2A)(ORGANIC OR NONAQUEOUS
		OR NON(W)AQUEOUS)
L74		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND 1/NR
L76	186965	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND 2/NR
L77	155844	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/N
L78	147343	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/O
L79	119040	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L77 AND L78
L80	63851	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/S
L81	37023	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L79 AND L80
L82		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L79 NOT L81
L83		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 NOT (L80 OR L81
ПОЭ	41077	OR L82)
т О Л	E00016	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L74 OR L80 OR L81 OR
L84	200010	
- 0 -	0.5000	L82 OR L83
L85		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L48
L86		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND (L84 OR L85)
L87	628	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L86 AND L71 AND L73
L88	257	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L87 AND L72
L89	15	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND 1-9/LI
L92	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 7439-93-2/RN
L93	11	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L89 NOT (L92 OR
		TIS/CI)
L95		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L93
L96	207	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L88 AND L95
L97	207	OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L61
	20	~
L98		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L96 AND L97
L99		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVATION+MAX/CT
L101	1	
		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 AND L88
L101		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT?
L102		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT?
L102		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV
L102		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER?
L102		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE
L102	54756	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL?
L102 L103	54756 18876	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103
L102 L103 L104 L105	54756 18876 299911	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106	54756 18876 299911 3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107	54756 18876 299911 3 10	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108	18876 299911 3 10	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46 2580	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46 2580	PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OVERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVERCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR ENCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46 2580 14059	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111	18876 299911 3 10 10 72122 46 2580 14059	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L111 L112 L113	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L106 AND ((L109 OR
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L1110 OR L1112 OR L1113 OR L1114 OR L1115))
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115))
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OVERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVERCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR ENCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102 (3A) L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L71
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117 L118 L119 L120 L121	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OVERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVERCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR ENCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102 (3A) L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L99 OR L104 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L118 AND L105 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L118 AND L105
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117 L118 L119 L120 L121 L122	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE ROAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L106 AND (L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND (L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L71 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L71 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L118 AND L105
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117 L118 L119 L120 L121 L122 L123	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102 (3A) L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117 L118 L119 L120 L121 L122	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE ROAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102(3A)L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A)PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L106 AND (L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND (L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L71 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L71 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L118 AND L105
L102 L103 L104 L105 L106 L107 L108 L109 L110 L111 L112 L113 L114 L115 L116 L117 L118 L119 L120 L121 L122 L123	18876 299911 3 10 72122 46 2580 14059 16109 869 15128 4607 31 10 11 1 5 0 5 73077	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PASSIVAT? QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR OV ERLAY? OR OVERLAID? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER? OR SHEET? OR LEAF? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR OVE RCOAT? OR VENEER? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP? OR E NCASE? OR ENWRAP? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L102 (3A) L103 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND L87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L101 OR L106 OR L107 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 OR BISPHENOL A SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR BENZOFURAN SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL (W) IMIDAZOLE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L116 AND L73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L95 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97

L126	10	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L125 AND (L71 OR L72
L127	51	OR L95 OR L105) SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L98 OR L108 OR (L118
		OR L119 OR L120 OR L121 OR L122 OR L123) OR L126
L128	777304	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ELECTROCHEM?/SC,SX
L129	48	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L127 AND L128
L130	33	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L129 AND L72
L131		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<2004 OR PRY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR
		MY<2004 OR REVIEW/DT
L132	27	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L130 AND L131

STRUCTURE SEARCH RESULTS

\Rightarrow d 1132 1-27 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L132 ANSWER 1 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:394067 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:433100

TITLE: Lithium battery having effective performance

INVENTOR(S): Kim, Kwang-Chun; Kim, Jin-Sung; Song, Min-Ho;

Yoon, Jang-Ho; Kwon, Teak-Hyen; Lee, Jin-Uk;

Kim, Chang-Seob

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI1		. A	APPLICATION NO.					
 EP 1528617	A:	2 2005	60504 E	P 2004-2566	576	2004			
						1028			
EP 1528617	<i>y</i> .	3 2006	1004	<					
EP 1528617									
R: AT, BE MC, PI	C, CH, DE	, DK, ES, , LT, LV,	FR, GB,	GR, IT, LI, MK, CY, AL,		•			
EE, HU KR 2005040974	J, PL, SK		.0504 F	D 2003_7581) 1				
RR 2003040374	A	2003	N POCO	K 2003-7302	. 1	2003 1029			
				<					
JP 2005135895	A	2005	50526 J	P 2004-1813	365	0001			
						2004 0618			
				<		0010			
JP 4012174	В:	2 2007	1121						
US 20050095507	A.	1 2005	50505 U	S 2004-9385	538				
						2004 0913			
				<		0913			
US 7078132	В:	2 2006	0718						
CN 1612383	A	2005	0504 C	N 2004-1008	38037				
						2004 1029			
				<		1029			
PRIORITY APPLN. INF	·o.:		K	R 2003-7582	21 2	A			
						2003			
						1029			
				<					

ED Entered STN: 09 May 2005

All ithium battery has an anode, a cathode having a compound capable of intercalating and deintercalating lithium, a separator interposed between the cathode and the anode, and an electrolyte solution having an electrolyte solute dissolved in a nonage solvent. The nonage solvent includes a mixed solvent containing 8 to 15% by volume of ethylene carbonate, 10 to 35% by volume of γ-butyrolactone, 35 to 65% by volume of at least one linear carbonate selected from the group consisting of di-Me carbonate, di-Et carbonate, ethylmethyl carbonate, methylpropyl carbonate, ethylpropyl carbonate and methylbutyl carbonate and 8 to 15% by volume of fluorobenzene, and 0.5 to 9 parts by volume of vinylene carbonate based on 100 parts by volume of the mixed solvent. The nonage solvent may further include 0.05 to 5 parts by volume of the mixed solvent.



RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

■ T.i +

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl] , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 131651-65-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Butanesulfonic acid, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO3S_ (CF2)3_CF3

● Li

IT 77-77-0, Vinyl sulfone 872-36-6, Vinylene
 carbonate
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(lithium battery having effective performance)
RN 77-77-0 HCAPLUS
CN Ethene, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 872-36-6 HCAPLUS CN 1,3-Dioxol-2-one (CA INDEX NAME)

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ICM H01M010-40
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
CC
     Technology)
ST
     lithium battery effective performance
    Battery electrolytes
IΤ
     Swelling, physical
        (lithium battery having effective
        performance)
IT
     Carbonaceous materials (technological products)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery having effective
        performance)
TТ
     Transition metal oxides
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium-containing; lithium battery
        having effective performance)
     Secondary batteries
ΙT
        (lithium; lithium battery having
        effective performance)
     96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone
                                96-49-1, Ethylene
     carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl
               4437-70-1, 2,3-Butylene carbonate 4437-85-8,
     carbonate
     1,2-Butylene carbonate 4437-86-9 4824-75-3, Butyl methyl
     carbonate 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses 7704-34-9D, Sulfur, compound
     7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 12017-96-8,
     Chromium lithium oxide (CrLiO2) 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide
     (LiNiO2) 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4)
     12162-79-7, Lithium manganese oxide limno2
                                                   12190-79-3, Cobalt
     lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 14283-07-9, Lithium
     tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
     hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium
              35363-40-7, Ethyl propyl carbonate, uses
                                                            56525-42-9,
     triflate
     Methyl propyl carbonate, uses 89489-56-5 90076-65-6
     131651-65-5, Lithium nonafluorobutanesulfonate
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery having effective
        performance)
     77-77-0, Vinyl sulfone 288-14-2, Isoxazole
                                                     462-06-6,
     Fluorobenzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery having effective
```

performance)

L132 ANSWER 2 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:857017 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:352733

TITLE: Low temperature electrochemical cells

INVENTOR(S): Mikhaylik, Yuriy V.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
A1	20041014	US 2003-411999	2003 0410
В2	20070313	< US 2003-411999	2003 0410
	A1	A1 20041014	A1 20041014 US 2003-411999 < B2 20070313

ED Entered STN: 18 Oct 2004

AB Disclosed is an electrochem, cell comprising a lithium anode and a sulfur-containing cathode and a nonage electrolyte solvent. In the fully charged state of the cell the concentration of lithium ions is preferably less than 0.3M. The cell delivers high discharge capacity at discharge rates, for example, C/5, over temps, ranges of from +25° to -20°. Also disclosed is a battery including an electrochem, cell according to the invention and a device that utilizes such a battery to derive power.

IT 77-79-2, 3-Sulfolene 96-47-9,

2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 109-99-9, Thf, uses 126-33-0, Sulfolane 872-93-5, 3-Methylsulfolane

33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 90076-65-6 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(low-temperature electrochem. cells)} \\ \text{RN} & 77-79-2 & \text{HCAPLUS} \end{array}$

CN Thiophene, 2,5-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96-47-9 HCAPLUS

CN Furan, tetrahydro-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\bigcap^{\circ}$$

RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS

CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 872-93-5 HCAPLUS
CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-3-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl] , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

IC ICM H01M004-58
 ICS H01M006-16
INCL 429231900; 429231950; 429333000; 429335000; 429338000; 429342000; 429331000
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy

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Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 72
    Electrochemical cells
ΙT
      Secondary batteries
       (low-temperature electrochem. cells)
     60-29-7, Diethyl ether, uses 77-79-2, 3-Sulfolene
TT
     96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 109-87-5,
     Dimethoxymethane 109-99-9, Thf, uses 111-43-3,
     Dipropyl ether 111-96-6, Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether
     112-49-2, Triethylene glycol dimethyl ether 123-91-1,
     1,4-Dioxane, uses 126-33-0, Sulfolane 142-68-7,
     Tetrahydropyran 142-96-1, Dibutyl ether 143-24-8,
     Tetraethylene glycol dimethyl ether 149-73-5, Trimethoxymethane
     462-95-3, Diethoxymethane 505-22-6, 1,3-Dioxane 556-65-0,
     Lithium thiocyanate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxolane 372-93-5,
     3-Methylsulfolane 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7439-93-2D, Lithium, salt 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses 7704-34-9D, Sulfur,
     compound 17081-21-9, 1,3-Dimethoxypropane 33454-82-9,
     Lithium triflate 90076-65-6 111109-77-4, Dipropylene
     glycol dimethyl ether
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
      (low-temperature electrochem. cells)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        23
                              THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                              FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                              IN THE RE FORMAT
L132 ANSWER 3 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:753254 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:228183
TITLE:
                        A nonaqueous electrolyte for
                        lithium secondary
                        battery
INVENTOR(S):
                        Kim, Jin-Hee; Kim, Jin-Sung; Hwang, Sang-Moon;
                        Paik, Meen-Seon; Kim, Hak-Soo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea; Cheil
                        Industries Inc.
SOURCE:
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 33 pp.
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                                  DATE
     EP 1458048
                        A1
                               20040915 EP 2003-90262
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0821
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
            MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,
            EE, HU, SK
     KR 2004080775
                               20040920 KR 2003-15749
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0313
                                               <--
     JP 2005108439
                   A
                               20050421
                                         JP 2003-183239
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0626
                                               <--
                               20040922 CN 2003-155332
     CN 1531134
                A
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0827
                                               <--
     US 20040185347 A1 20040923
                                         US 2003-658272
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2003 0910 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

KR 2003-15749 A 2003 0313

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:228183

ED Entered STN: 16 Sep 2004

AB An electrolyte for a lithium secondary battery includes lithium salts, a nonaq. organic solvent, and additive compds. The additive compds. added to the electrolyte of the present invention decompose earlier than the organic solvent to form a conductive polymer layer on the surface of a pos. electrode, and prevent decomposition of the organic solvent. Accordingly, the electrolyte inhibits gas generation caused by decomposition of the organic solvent at initial charging, and thus reduces an increase of internal pressure and swelling during high temperature storage, and also improves safety of the battery during overcharge.

67-71-0, Methylsulfone 77-77-0, Vinylsulfone 126-33-0, Tetramethylene sulfone 127-63-9, Phenylsulfone 1889-59-4, Ethylvinylsulfone 3680-02-2, Methylvinylsulfone 5535-43-3, m-ChloroPhenyl vinyl sulfone 5535-48-8, Phenylvinylsulfone 7447-41-3, Lithium chloride (LiCl), uses 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 14024-11-4, Aluminum lithium chloride AlLiCl4 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 18424-17-4, Lithium hexafluoroantimonate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 28122-14-7, p-FluoroPhenyl vinyl sulfone 28452-93-9, Butadiene sulfone 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 90076-65-6 131651-65-5, Lithium nonafluorobutanesulfonate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery) 67-71-0 HCAPLUS RN

CN

RN 77-77-0 HCAPLUS CN Ethene, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

Methane, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\text{H}_2\text{C} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{CH} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{II}}{\text{U}}} \text{CH}\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{CH}_2$$

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 127-63-9 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 1889-59-4 HCAPLUS CN Ethene, (ethylsulfonyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 3680-02-2 HCAPLUS CN Ethene, (methylsulfonyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5535-43-3 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, 1-chloro-3-(ethenylsulfonyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5535-48-8 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, (ethenylsulfonyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7447-41-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lithium chloride (LiCl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl_Li

RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 10377-51-2 HCAPLUS CN Lithium iodide (LiI) (CA INDEX NAME)

I_Li

RN 14024-11-4 HCAPLUS CN Aluminate(1-), tetrachloro-, lithium (1:1), (T-4)- (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

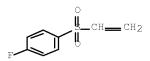
RN 18424-17-4 HCAPLUS CN Antimonate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1), (OC-6-11)- (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

T.i +

RN 28122-14-7 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, 1-(ethenylsulfonyl)-4-fluoro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 28452-93-9 HCAPLUS
CN Thiophene, dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126-33-0

CMF C4 H8 O2 S



RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl] , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

HO3S— (CF2)3—CF3

● Li

IT 80-05-7, Bisphenol A, uses
95-15-8, Thianaphthene 271-89-6, 2,3Benzofuran 625-86-5, 2,5-Dimethylfuran
693-98-1, 2-Methylimidazole 1192-62-7,
2-Acetylfuran 1193-79-9, 2-Acetyl-5-methylfuran
4265-27-4, 2-Butylbenzofuran 16851-82-4
, 1-(Phenylsulfonyl)pyrrole
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery)

RN

80-05-7 HCAPLUS
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

95-15-8 HCAPLUS RN

CN Benzo[b]thiophene (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 271-89-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzofuran (CA INDEX NAME)

625-86-5 HCAPLUS RN

Furan, 2,5-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

693-98-1 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

1192-62-7 HCAPLUS RN

Ethanone, 1-(2-furanyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN1193-79-9 HCAPLUS Ethanone, 1-(5-methyl-2-furanyl)- (CA INDEX NAME) CN4265-27-4 HCAPLUS RN Benzofuran, 2-butyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN Bu-n 16851-82-4 HCAPLUS RN CN 1H-Pyrrole, 1-(phenylsulfonyl)- (CA INDEX NAME) ΙC ICM H01M010-40 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) nonag electrolyte lithium secondary battery; safety nonaq electrolyte lithium secondary battery Secondary batteries ΙT (lithium; nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery) Battery electrolytes Conducting polymers Swelling, physical (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery) ΙT Aromatic hydrocarbons, uses Esters, uses Ethers, uses Ketones, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery) ΙT Lithium alloy, base RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium secondary battery) 67-71-0, Methylsulfone 71-43-2, Benzene, uses ΙT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate

77-77-0, Vinylsulfone

```
105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate
                                   108-32-7, Propylene carbonate
     108-88-3, Toluene, uses 126-33-0, Tetramethylene sulfone
     127-63-9, Phenylsulfone 462-06-6, Fluorobenzene 463-79-6D, Carbonic acid, chain ester 463-79-6D, Carbonic acid,
     cyclic ester 463-79-6D, Carbonic acid, ester 616-38-6,
     Dimethyl carbonate 620-32-6, Benzylsulfone 623-53-0, Methyl
     ethyl carbonate 623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 1330-20-7,
    Xylene, uses 1889-59-4, Ethylvinylsulfone
     3680-02-2, Methylvinylsulfone 4437-85-8, Butylene
     carbonate 5535-43-3, m-ChloroPhenyl vinyl sulfone
     5535-48-8, Phenylvinylsulfone 7439-93-2, Lithium
     , uses 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride (LiCl), uses
     7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
     10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 14024-11-4,
     Aluminum lithium chloride AlLiCl4 14283-07-9,
    Lithium tetrafluoroborate 18424-17-4,
     Lithium hexafluoroantimonate 21324-40-3,
     Lithium hexafluorophosphate 27359-10-0, Trifluorotoluene
     28122-14-7, p-FluoroPhenyl vinyl sulfone
     28452-93-9, Butadiene sulfone 29935-35-1,
     Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9,
    Lithium triflate 35363-40-7, Ethyl propyl carbonate,
    uses 37220-89-6, Aluminum Lithium oxide 39300-70-4,
    Lithium nickel oxide 56525-42-9, Methyl propyl carbonate, uses
     90076-65-6 131651-65-5, Lithium
    nonafluorobutanesulfonate 162684-16-4, Lithium manganese nickel
     oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium
        secondary battery)
ΙT
     80-05-7, Bisphenol A, uses
     95-15-8, Thianaphthene 117-80-6,
     2,3-Dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone 271-89-6, 2,3-
     Benzofuran 524-42-5, 1,2-Naphthoquinone 625-36-5
     , 2,5-Dimethylfuran 693-98-1, 2-Methylimidazole
     1192-62-7, 2-Acetylfuran 1193-79-9,
     2-Acetyl-5-methylfuran 4265-27-4, 2-
     Butylbenzofuran 7474-83-1, 3-Bromo-1,2-naphthoquinone
     13243-65-7, 2,3-Dibromo-1,4-naphthoquinone 16851-82-4,
     1-(Phenylsulfonyl)pyrrole
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte for lithium
        secondary battery)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         1.0
                               THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L132 ANSWER 4 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:493237 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:40710
TITLE:
                        Organic electrolyte solution for
                        secondary lithium sulfur
                        battery and the battery using the
                         solution
INVENTOR(S):
                        Kim, Ju-yup; Lee, Suk-su; Yoo, Yoon-kyun; Cho,
                        Myung-dong
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Samsung Sdi Co., Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE:
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     _____
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JP 200417	2126	A	20040617	JP	2003-387193		
							2003
							1117
					<		
KR 200404	3226	A	20040524	KR	2002-71395		
							2002
							1116
					<		
US 200401	57132	A1	20040812	US	2003-694815		
							2003
							1029
					<		
CN 150154	3	A	20040602	СИ	2003-10103670		
							2003
							1111
					<		
PRIORITY APPLN	. INFO.:			KR	2002-71395	Ā	
							2002
							1116
					<		

ED Entered STN: 18 Jun 2004

The electrolyte solution comprises a Li salt and an organic solvent mixture; where the solvent mixture contains a compound of the formula R1(CH2)3R2 [R1 and R2 = halo, OH, (substituted) C1-20 alkyl, (substituted) C1-20 alkoxy, (substituted) C6-30 allyl; (substituted) C6-30 allyl alkyl; (substituted) C6-30 allyloxy, (substituted) C2-30 heteroallyl alkyl, (substituted) C2-30 heteroallyloxy, (substituted) C5-20 cycloalkyl, or (substituted) C5-20 heterocycloalkyl group] or its isomer. The battery has a cathode, containing S or a S compound; an anode; a separator between the cathode and the anode; and the above electrolyte solution

IT 126-33-0, Sulfolane 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electrolyte solns. containing dialkoxy propane compds. in solvents for secondary lithium sulfur batteries)

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



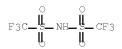
RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

T.i

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Li

IC ICM H01M010-40

ICS H01M004-38; H01M004-58; H01M004-60

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy

Technology)

ST secondary battery org electrolyte solvent dialkoxy propane compd

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; organic electrolyte solns. containing dialkoxy propane compds. in solvents for secondary lithium sulfur batteries)

IT Battery electrolytes

(organic electrolyte solns, containing dialkoxy propane compds, in solvents for secondary lithium sulfur

batteries)

IT 111-96-6, Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether 126-33-0, Sulfolane 646-06-0, Dioxolane 7439-93-2D, Lithium,

salts 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

17081-21-9, 1,3-Dimethoxy propane 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electrolyte solns, containing dialkoxy propane compds, in solvents for secondary lithium

sulfur batteries)

L132 ANSWER 5 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:435148 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:388239

TITLE: In situ thermal polymerization method for

making gel polymer lithium

ion rechargeable electrochemical cells

INVENTOR(S): Xing, Weibing; Takeuchi, Esther S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20030104282	A1	20030605	US 2001-883	
				2001
			<	1115
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-883	
				2001
			<	1115

ED Entered STN: 06 Jun 2003

AB A single step, in situ curing method for making gel polymer lithium ion rechargeable cells and batteries is disclosed. This method used a precursor solution consisting of monomers with multiple functionalities such as multiple acryloyl functionalities, a free-radical generating activator, nonag, solvents such as ethylene carbonate and

propylene carbonate, and a lithium salt such as LiPF6. The electrodes are prepared by slurry-coating a carbonaceous material such as graphite onto an anode current collector and a lithium transition metal oxide such as LiCoO2 onto a cathode current collector, resp. The electrodes, together with a highly porous separator, are then soaked with the polymer electrolyte precursor solution and sealed in a cell package under vacuum. The whole cell package is heated to in situ cure the polymer electrolyte precursor. The resulting lithium ion rechargeable cells with gelled polymer electrolyte demonstrate excellent electrochem. properties such as high efficiency in material utilization, high Coulombic efficiency, good rate capability, and good cyclability. 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14024-11-4, Lithium tetrachloroaluminate 14283-07-9, Lithium

tetrafluoroborate 18424-17-4, Lithium hexafluoroantimonate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 90076-65-6

RL: DEV (Device component use)

(in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)

7791-03-9 HCAPLUS RN

Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

14024-11-4 HCAPLUS RN CN Aluminate(1-), tetrachloro-, lithium (1:1), (T-4)- (CA INDEX

$$-\text{C1}$$
 $\frac{\text{C1}}{\text{A1}}$ $\frac{3+}{\text{C1}}$

● Li+

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS

Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 18424-17-4 HCAPLUS

Antimonate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1), (OC-6-11)- (CA INDEX

NAME)

● Li+

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS
CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

90076-65-6 HCAPLUS

```
Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-
     , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
   ICM H01M010-40
T.C.
     ICS H01M004-58; H01M004-66
INCL 429303000; 429189000; 429231800; 429245000; 429231100; 029623100
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
ST
     lithium battery gel polymer electrolyte in
     situ thermal polymn
ТТ
     Battery electrolytes
        (in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
TТ
     Carbon black, uses
     Coke
     RL: DEV (Device component use)
        (in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
       lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
ТТ
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; in-situ thermal polymerization method
        for making gel polymer lithium ion
       rechargeable electrochem. cells)
    Polymerization
        (thermal; in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-06-4,
TT
     Platinum, uses 7440-25-7, Tantalum, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium,
     uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-57-5, Gold, uses
     11101-13-6 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use)
        (anode current collector; in-situ thermal polymerization method for
       making gel polymer lithium ion rechargeable
       electrochem. cells)
    7440-44-0, Carbon, uses
ΤТ
     RL: DEV (Device component use)
        (glassy; in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
     94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, processes 105-74-8, Lauroyl peroxide
     2094-98-6, 1,1'-Azobis(cyclohexanecarbonitrile)
     4,4'-Azobis(4-cyanovaleric acid) 3006-86-8, 1,1-Bis(tert-
                             15667-10-4, 1,1-Bis(tert-
     butylperoxy)cyclohexane
     amylperoxy)cyclohexane
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PROC (Process)
        (in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
     96-48-0, y-Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
     108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 556-65-0, Lithium thiocyanate
     685-91-6, n,n-Diethylacetamide 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide,
     uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-62-1, Vanadia,
     uses 1317-37-9, Iron sulfide (FeS) 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, uses
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1344-70-3, Copper oxide 2923-17-3
                                           4437-85-8, Butylene
     carbonate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 7784-01-2, Silver chromate 7789-19-7, Copperfluoride (CuF2) 7791-03-9, Lithium
     perchlorate 11098-99-0, Molybdenum oxide 11099-11-9, Vanadium
             11104-61-3, Cobalt oxide 11105-02-5, Silver vanadium
             11113-75-0, Nickel sulfide 11115-76-7, Cobalt selenide
     oxide
     11115-77-8, Cobalt telluride 11115-78-9, Copper sulfide
     11115-99-4, Nickel selenide 11116-00-0, Nickel telluride
     11118-57-3, Chromium oxide 11126-12-8, Iron sulfide
     11129-60-5, Manganese oxide 11130-24-8, Vanadium sulfide
     12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2) 12039-13-3, Titanium
     sulfide (TiS2) 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4)
     12057-24-8, Lithia, uses 12068-85-8, Iron sulfide (FeS2)
     12162-79-7, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMnO2) 12162-92-4, Lithium
     vanadium oxide (LiV2O5) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide
     (CoLiO2) 12612-50-9, Molybdenum sulfide 12623-97-1, Chromium
              12627-00-8, Niobium oxide 12653-56-4, Cobalt sulfide
     sulfide
     12673-92-6, Titanium sulfide 12687-82-0, Manganese sulfide
     12789-09-2, Copper vanadium oxide 12795-09-4, Copper telluride
     13453-75-3 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses 14024-11-4
     , Lithium tetrachloroaluminate 14283-07-9, Lithium
     tetrafluoroborate 14485-20-2, Lithium tetraphenylborate
     15955-98-3, Lithium tetrachlorogallate 18424-17-4,
     Lithium hexafluoroantimonate 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Aq20)
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 22205-45-4,
     Copper sulfide (Cu2S) 29935-35-1, Lithium
     hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate
     35363-40-7, Ethyl propyl carbonate 37320-90-4, Manganese
     selenide 37359-15-2, Copper selenide 39290-91-0, Niobium
     sulfide 39361-71-2, Titanium telluride 50808-87-2, Molybdenum
     telluride 50814-22-7, Chromium telluride 50926-12-0, Iron
     selenide 50926-13-1, Iron telluride 51311-17-2, Carbon fluoride 54183-54-9, Molybdenum selenide 54427-25-7. V.
     fluoride 54183-54-9, Molybdenum selenide 54427-25-7, Vanadium telluride 58319-81-6, Manganese telluride 64176-75-6, Niobium
     selenide 66675-50-1, Titanium selenide 66675-60-3, Chromium
     selenide 90076-65-6 115028-88-1 131344-56-4, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 132404-42-3 135751-98-3, Vanadium
     selenide 162124-03-0, Niobium telluride 181183-66-4, Copper
     Silver vanadium oxide 188029-35-8, Lithium titanium oxide
     (Li4-7Ti5012) 423734-10-5, Cobalt lithium nitride
     (Co0.1-0.6Li2.4-2.9N) 423734-14-9, Lithium nickel nitride
     (Li2.4-2.9Ni0.1-0.6N) 527698-30-2, Copper lithium tin oxide
     (Cu0.92LiSn0.0802)
     RL: DEV (Device component use)
        (in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
     26426-04-0P, Trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate homopolymer
     57592-66-2P, Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate homopolymer
     57592-67-3P, Hexanediol diacrylate homopolymer 64401-02-1P,
     Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct diacrylate
     67653-78-5P, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate homopolymer
     82200-28-0P, Dipentaerythritol pentaacrylate homopolymer
     85887-85-0P, Ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate
     homopolymer 103315-68-0P, Di(trimethylolpropane)tetraacrylate
     homopolymer 117223-60-6P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (in-situ thermal polymerization method for making gel polymer
        lithium ion rechargeable electrochem. cells)
L132 ANSWER 6 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:964691 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:42046
TITLE:
                         Secondary lithium
                         battery
                         Seki, Keiichi; Kobayashi, Mitsuharu; Saito,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Hiroyuki; Yamamoto, Masaki
```

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.						KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE	
 WO 2002101869						A1		20021219			WO 2002-JP5656				2002 0607	
		W:	CH, GB, KZ, MX, SK,	CN, GD, LC, MZ,	CO, GE, LK, NO,	CR, GH, LR, NZ,	CU, GM, LS, OM,	AU, CZ, HR, LT, PH, TR,	DE, HU, LU, PL,	DK, ID, LV, PT,	BB, DM, IL, MA, RO,	DZ, IN, MD, RU,	EC, IS, MG, SD,	EE, KE, MK, SE,	ES, KG, MN, SG,	FI, KR, MW, SI,
		RW:	GH, BE, NL,	GM, CH,	KE, CY, SE,	DE, TR,	DK, BF,	MZ, ES, BJ, TG	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,
	AU	20023		85				2002	1223		AU 2	002-	3062	85		2002 0607
	JP	20030	0862	49		A		2003	0320		JP 2		1669	36		2002 0607
	EP	14063	338			A1		2004	0407			:	7333	89		2002 0607
	СИ	R: 17991	MC,			SI,	LT,	ES, LV, 2006	FI,	RO,	GR, MK,	CY,	AL,	TR	NL,	SE, 2002 0607
	US	20040	0110	068		A1		2004	0610		US 2		7276	61		2003 1205
PRIOR	RITY	/ APPI	LN.	INFO	. :						JP 2	: :001-	1718	51	i	A 2001 0607
												: :001-	1797	48	ì	A 2001 0614
												001-	1926	35	i	A 2001 0626
ED	г		C.T.		0 5	~ 00:	2.2				WO 2	: :002-	JP56	56	Ţ	N 2002 0607
ED	-111	ered	D I IA	. , ∠'	ט טפי	c 20	<i>J</i>		,		,	-				63

The battery has a cathode, an anode, and an electrolyte in a flexible battery case; AΒ where the enthalpy difference between the neutral nonag, electrolyte solvent mol. and

it monovalent anion radical, formed by adding an electron to the mol., ΔE sol is greater than the enthalpy difference between an additive in the battery and it monovalent anion radical, formed by adding an electron to the mol., ΔE add. The additive is preferably a Lewis acid, e.g. a S compound having a S:O bonding.

21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries)

21324-40-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



67-71-0, Dimethyl sulfone 126-33-0, Sulfolane 1600-44-8, Tetramethylene sulfoxide RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries) 67-71-0 HCAPLUS RN

CN Methane, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1600-44-8 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1-oxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM H01M010-40 ICS H01M004-58; H01M004-62; H01M004-02; H01M002-02 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CCTechnology) secondary lithium battery sulfur ST compd additive enthalpy; electrolyte solvent enthalpy secondary lithium battery ΙT Battery electrolytes Enthalpy (enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries) ΤТ Secondary batteries (lithium; enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate TΤ RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries) 64-67-5, Diethyl sulfate 66-27-3, Methyl methanesulfonate 67-68-5, Dimethyl sulfoxide, uses 67-71-0, Dimethyl sulfone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 126-33-0, Sulfolane 616-42-2, Dimethyl sulfite 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propanesultone 1600-44-8, Tetramethylene sulfoxide 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite 478784-91-7, Ethylene glycol sulfate RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (enthalpy difference between neutral mol. and monovalent anion radical of solvent and additive in electrolytes for secondary lithium batteries) REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L132 ANSWER 7 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:773875 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:313485 TITLE: Organic electrolyte battery INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Tadayoshi; Kawaguchi, Shinichi; Koshiba, Tokiharu PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. ----_____ _____ _____ JP 2002298911 A 20021011 JP 2001-95743 2001 0329 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-95743 2001 0329

ED Entered STN: 11 Oct 2002

<--

AB The battery has a cathode, an anode, a separator, and an electrolyte in a housing containing a gasket between an anode case and a cathode case; where the electrolyte solution contains a LiBF4, benzenediolatoborate salt, or Li sulfonate salt dissolved in a Bu diglyme containing organic solvent. The gasket is preferably poly(phenylene sulfide), and the separator is poly(phenylene sulfide) or cellulose.

IT 126-33-0, Sulfolane 14283-07-9, Lithium

fluoroborate 33454-82-9, Lithium

trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(organic solvent mixts containing Bu diglyme for

lithium salt electrolyte solns. in

secondary lithium batteries)

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS

CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl], lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

ICM H01M010-40 ICS H01M002-08 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC Technology) ST battery electrolyte lithium salt org solvent butyl diglyme ΙT Polythiophenylenes RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (gaskets and separators for secondary lithium batteries using electrolyte solns. containing Bu diglyme solvent) ΤТ Secondary batteries (lithium; secondary lithium batteries using lithium salt electrolyte solution containing Bu diglyme solvent and poly(phenylene sulfide) gaskets and separators) ΤТ Battery electrolytes (organic solvent mixts containing Bu diglyme for lithium salt electrolyte solns. in secondary lithium batteries) ΙT Secondary battery separators (poly(phenylene sulfide) and cellulose separators for secondary lithium batteries using electrolyte solns. containing Bu diglyme solvent) ΤТ Gaskets (poly(phenylene sulfide) gaskets for secondary lithium batteries using electrolyte solns. containing Bu diglyme solvent) 9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses ΙT RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cellulose separators for secondary lithium batteries using electrolyte solns. containing Bu diglyme solvent) 112-34-5 126-33-0, Sulfolane 143-24-8, Tetraglyme 14283-07-9, Lithium fluoroborate 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6 132843-44-8 176719-70-3 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic solvent mixts containing Bu diglyme for lithium salt electrolyte solns. in secondary lithium batteries) L132 ANSWER 8 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:726702 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:259876 Organic electrolyte batteries TITLE: Takahashi, Tadayoshi; Kawaguchi, Shinichi INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE JP 2001273926 A 20011005 JP 2000-88000 2000 0328 <--

JP 2000-88000

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

2000 0328

<--

ED Entered STN: 05 Oct 2001

- AB The batteries have a cathode, an anode, a separator, and an electrolyte solution in a housing containing a cathode case, an anode case, and a gasket; where the electrolyte solution contains a LiBF4 based solute dissolved in a tetraglyme based org . solvent.
- IT 14283-07-9, Lithium fluoroborate

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrolyte solns. containing lithium
fluoroborate dissolved in tetraglyme based solvent for
secondary lithium batteries)

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS

CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Li+

IT 126-33-0, Sulfolane 872-93-5, 3-Methyl sulfolane 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solns. containing lithium salts dissolved in tetraglyme based solvent for secondary lithium batteries)

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 872-93-5 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-3-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

ICM H01M010-40 TC ICS H01M006-16 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) battery electrolyte lithium ST fluoroborate tetraglyme solvent ΙT Battery electrolytes (electrolyte solns. containing lithium salts dissolved in tetraglyme based solvent for secondary lithium batteries) 14283-07-9, Lithium fluoroborate ΙT RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solns. containing lithium fluoroborate dissolved in tetraglyme based solvent for secondary lithium batteries) 126-33-0, Sulfolane 143-24-8, Tetraglyme 372-93-5, 3-Methyl sulfolane 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solns. containing lithium

L132 ANSWER 9 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:360327 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:355483

TITLE: Lithium batteries

secondary lithium batteries)

INVENTOR(S): Mikhaylik, Yuriy V.; Skotheim, Terje A.;

salts dissolved in tetraglyme based solvent for

Trofimov, Boris A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND		DATE			APPL	DATE -							
 WO 2001035483			A1 20010517					WO 2	2000)						
										,					1110)
	w:	ΑE,	AG.	AI	AM.	AT.	AU.	A7.	BA.	`		BR.	BY.	CA.	CH.	
	***		-				DK,					-			•	
							IL,									
							LU,							,	•	
		NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW					
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	
		CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	
		PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	
		NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
ΕP	EP 1232536						2002	0821		EP 2	000-	9803	50			

2000

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1110
                                               <--
     EP 1232536
                         B1 20050316
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
             MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2003514356
                                20030415
                                         JP 2001-537121
                         Τ
                                                                   2000
                                                                   1110
                                               <--
     US 6569573
                        В1
                                20030527
                                            US 2000-709242
                                                                   2000
                                                                   1110
     US 20030180611 A1
                                20030925
                                            US 2003-390516
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0317
                                               <--
     US 6936382
                         В2
                                20050830
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1999-165368P
                                                                   1999
                                                                   1112
                                            US 2000-709242
                                                                Α1
                                                                   2000
                                                                   1110
                                            WO 2000-US31047
                                                                   2000
                                                                   1110
                                               <--
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPATED Entered STN: 18 May 2001
                  MARPAT 134:355483
AΒ
     A lithium battery has the cathode comprising an electroactive sulfur-containing
     material and the electrolyte comprising a lithium salt, a nonaq. solvent, and one or
     more capacity-enhancing reactive components. Suitable reactive components include
     electron transfer mediators. Also are provided methods for making the lithium battery.
    126-33-0, Sulfolane 10377-51-2, Lithium
     iodide 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate
     29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate
     33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 90076-65-6
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
       (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
```



RN

RN 10377-51-2 HCAPLUS CN Lithium iodide (LiI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

I<u>—</u> Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS

electrolyte) 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

■ T. i

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl], lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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F3C—S—NH—S—CF3
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● Li

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IC
     ICM H01M010-40
     ICS H01M010-42
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
ST
     lithium battery sulfur contg electroactive
    material
    Polysulfides
ΤТ
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (alkyloxyalkyl derivs.; lithium batteries
       with sulfur-containing material cathode and
        lithium salt electrolyte)
TТ
    Ethers, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cyclic; lithium batteries with
       sulfur-containing material cathode and lithium
       salt electrolyte)
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
      Battery electrolytes
       (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
ΤТ
    Ethers, uses
     Polyethers, uses
     Sulfones
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
TT
    Carbon black, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
IT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; lithium batteries with
        sulfur-containing material cathode and lithium
       salt electrolyte)
     110-71-4 126-33-0, Sulfolane
                                  556-65-0, Lithium
     thiocyanate 646-06-0, Dioxolane 7550-35-8, Lithium
     bromide 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses 10377-51-2,
     Lithium iodide 12798-95-7 14283-07-9,
     Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3,
    Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1,
    Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9,
    Lithium triflate 39448-96-9, Graphite lithium
     53680-59-4 69177-66-8 74432-42-1, Lithium
     polysulfide 90076-65-6 132404-42-3 339186-87-7
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
ΙT
     7440-44-0DP, Carbon, lithium-intercalated, uses
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RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

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(Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
    1942-52-5, 2-(Diethylamino) ethanethiol hydrochloride 7782-42-5,
     Graphite, uses 25085-35-2, Acrylic acid-ethyl acrylate copolymer
     64265-57-2, Ionac PFAZ 322 339186-88-8
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium batteries with sulfur-containing
       material cathode and lithium salt
       electrolyte)
                              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                              IN THE RE FORMAT
L132 ANSWER 10 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:360320 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        134:355476
TITLE:
                        Lithium primary batteries
                       Mikhaylik, Yuriy V.; Skotheim, Terje A.;
INVENTOR(S):
                       Angell, Charles A.
                      Moltech Corporation, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                       PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
     WO 2001035475 A1 20010517 WO 2000-US30911
                                                                  2000
                                                                  1110
                                             <--
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH,
            CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
            GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
            TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE,
            CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR,
            NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 1999-165154P
                                                                  1999
                                                                  1112
                                              <--
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                       MARPAT 134:355476
    Entered STN: 18 May 2001
     In a lithium primary battery, the cathode comprises an electroactive sulfur-containing
     material and the electrolyte comprises one or more nonaq, solvents and one or more
     voltage-enhancing reactive components, wherein the reactive components are non-
     electroactive but enhance the voltage of the lithium primary battery. Suitable
     voltage-enhancing reactive components include organic halides, inorg. halides, and
     phosphorus chalcogenides. Also are provided methods for making the hithium primary
     battery.
     10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 14283-07-9, Lithium
     tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
     hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate
     90076-65-6
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium primary batteries with
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electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)

RN 10377-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN Lithium iodide (LiI) (CA INDEX NAME)

I<u>—</u>Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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F- S03H
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● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl] , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li



ICM H01M006-16 IC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC Technology) ST lithium primary battery Primary batteries (button-type; lithium primary batteries with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components) ΤТ Ethers, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cyclic; lithium primary batteries with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components) ТТ Battery cathodes Battery electrolytes (lithium primary batteries with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components) ΙT Polysulfides RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (lithium primary batteries with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and

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electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
ΙT
    Esters, uses
     Ethers, uses
     Polyethers, uses
     Sulfites
     Sulfones
    RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium primary batteries with
       electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
       electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
     Carbon black, uses
     Carbon fibers, uses
      Halides
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium primary batteries with
        electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
        electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
ΙT
     Primary batteries
        (lithium; lithium primary batteries
       with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
       electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
ΙT
    Halides
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (organic; lithium primary batteries with
        electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
        electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
TТ
     Hydrocarbons, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (perchlorocarbons; lithium primary batteries
       with electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
       electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
ТТ
     Group VA element chalcogenides
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (phosphorus chalcogenides; lithium primary
       batteries with electroactive sulfur-containing material
       cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive
       components)
     7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7440-44-0D, Carbon, lithium
ΙT
     intercalated, uses
                         7550-35-8, Lithium bromide
     Sulfur, uses 10377-51-2, Lithium iodide
                                               12798-95-7
     14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3
     , Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
     hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate
     39448-96-9, Graphite lithium 53680-59-4
                                               74432-42-1,
     Lithium polysulfide 90076-65-6
                                     132404-42-3
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium primary batteries with
        electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
        electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
IΤ
    126-33-0, Sulfolane
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium primary batteries with
        electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and
       electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)
IT
     56-23-5, Carbon tetrachloride, uses 1314-56-3, Phosphorus oxide
     (P2O5), uses 1314-80-3, Phosphorus sulfide p2s5
                                                        2551-62-4,
                          7446-70-0, Aluminum chloride, uses
     Sulfur hexafluoride
     7550-45-0, Titanium tetrachloride, uses
                                              7637-07-2, Boron
     trifluoride, uses
                       7647-19-0, Phosphorus pentafluoride
     7719-12-2, Phosphorus trichloride
                                        7783-60-0, Sulfur
     tetrafluoride
                    7784-18-1, Aluminum fluoride
                                                    7786-30-3,
    Magnesium chloride, uses 10026-04-7, Silicon tetrachloride
     10026-13-8, Phosphorus pentachloride 10294-34-5, Boron
                 16752-60-6, Phosphorus pentoxide dimer
     trichloride
     158970-02-6, Phosphorus oxide sulfide
```

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(lithium primary batteries with

electroactive sulfur-containing material cathode and electrolyte with voltage-enhancing reactive components)

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L132 ANSWER 11 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:186088 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:210595

TITLE: Polymer electrolytes, nonaqueous electrolyte

solutions, and electric devices containing the

electrolytes

INVENTOR(S): Nishiura, Masahito; Kono, Michiyuki; Watanabe,

Masayoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dai-Ichi Kogyo Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PRI

PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001018898	A1	20010315	WO 2000-JP5812	2000
			<	0828
		E, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT	C, LU,
MC, NL, P		20010321	JP 1999-248890	1999
			<	0902
JP 3557962	В2	20040825		
JP 2001076755	A	20010323	JP 1999-248891	
				1999 0902
			<	
CA 2344243	A1	20010315	CA 2000-2344243	
				2000
			<	0828
CA 2344243	C	20060509		
			EP 2000-955081	
				2000
				0828
			<	
R: AT, BE, C MC, PT, I	E, FI		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL	, SE,
US 6673495	В1	20040106	US 2001-787231	
				2001
			<	0425
US 40302	F1	20080506		
05 40302		20000300	05 2001 32 / 023	2001
				0425
			<	
RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-248890	
				1999
				0902
			< JP 1999-248891	Δ
			21 1777 240091	Ω

1999 0902 <--WO 2000-JP5812 W 2000 0828 <--US 2001-787231 E 2001 0425

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:210595

ED Entered STN: 16 Mar 2001

GΙ

R11 B R14

B R12 R16

R15

AB Polymer electrolytes contain an electrolyte salt, a polymer forming a complex with the salt and a B containing additive selected from I-IV, where R11-412 = H, halogen, a monovalent group, or bonded to another member of R11-412 to form a ring; and Ra, Rb, Rc, and Rd = groups connecting the B containing parts. The polymer electrolytes may contain a nonaq, solvent. The nonaq, electrolyte solns, has an electrolyte salt dissolved in a nonaq, solvent and contain the B containing additive. The elec, devices are batteries having the polymer electrolyte between a cathode and an anode, and are preferably secondary Li batteries.

IV

- IT 96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone 126-33-0,
 Sulfolane 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride, uses
 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
 10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 14283-07-9,
 Lithium fluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
 hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
 hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium
 trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polymer electrolytes and nonaq. electrolyte solns.
 containing boron compound additives for secondary
 lithium batteries)
- RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS
- CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7447-41-8 HCAPLUS
CN Lithium chloride (LiCl) (CA INDEX NAME)

C1__Li

RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 10377-51-2 HCAPLUS CN Lithium iodide (LiI) (CA INDEX NAME)

I<u> </u>Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl] , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

```
T.C.
     ICM H01M010-40
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     secondary lithium battery
     electrolyte boron compd additive
     Battery electrolytes
TT
        (polymer electrolytes and nonaq. electrolyte solns. containing
        boron compound additives for secondary lithium
        batteries)
     328311-64-4 328311-65-5 328311-66-6 328311-67-7
ΙT
     328311-68-8 328311-69-9
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (boron compound additives in polymer electrolytes and nonaq.
        electrolyte solns. for secondary lithium
        batteries)
     96-48-0, \gamma-Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene
     carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene
     carbonate 110-71-4 126-33-0, Sulfolane 616-38-6,
     Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate
     1,3-Dioxolane 7447-41-3, Lithium chloride, uses
     7550-35-8, Lithium bromide 7789-24-4, Lithium
     fluoride, uses 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
     10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 14283-07-9,
     Lithium fluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 26570-48-9 29935-35-1,
     Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9,
     Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6
     111804-95-6 132404-42-3 132843-44-8 152986-27-1
     328312-84-1 328312-85-2 328312-86-3 328312-89-6
     328312-90-9 328396-49-2 328396-51-6
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polymer electrolytes and nonaq. electrolyte solns.
        containing boron compound additives for secondary
        lithium batteries)
REFERENCE COUNT: 6
                               THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                                FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                                IN THE RE FORMAT
L132 ANSWER 12 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:861126 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:7008

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte battery
INVENTOR(S): Yamaura, Kiyoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan
SOURCE: Full-text
SOURCE:
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                             _____
                        A2 20001206 EP 2000-111667
     EP 1058325
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0531
                                                <--
                         A3 20031203
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
             MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2000348722
                     A 20001215 JP 1999-158355
                                                                    1999
                                                                    0604
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US 2000-586895

US 6627351 B1 20030930

2000 0605

<--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1999-158355 A

1999 0604

<--

ED Entered STN: 08 Dec 2000

AB A nonaq. electrolyte battery free from considerable change in the structure of a cathode active material thereof to enlarge the capacity thereof, incorporating a cathode containing a cathode active material; an anode containing an anode active material to which Li can be doped/dedoped; and a nonaq. electrolyte disposed between the cathode and the anode and containing nonaq. solvent and an electrolyte, wherein a material expressed by general formula LiMn1-yAlyO2 (0.06 ≤ y < 0.25) is contained as the cathode active material and LiMn1-yAlyO2 has a crystalline structure expressed by spatial group C2/m.

IT 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 96-48-0,

γ-Butyrolactone 109-99-9, Thf, uses
126-33-0, Sulfolane 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride,
uses 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate
21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate
29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate
33454-32-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate
35678-71-8, Methylsulfolane
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(nonaq. electrolyte battery)

RN 96-47-9 HCAPLUS CN Furan, tetrahvdr

CN Furan, tetrahydro-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



7447-41-8 HCAPLUS RN Lithium chloride (LiCl) (CA INDEX NAME) CN C1_Li RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) ● Li RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) ● Li+



● Li +

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 35678-71-8 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydromethyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



D1_Me

IC

ICM H01M004-48

ICS H01M004-50 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC Technology) nonaq electrolyte lithium battery; ST aluminum lithium manganese oxide cathode battery ΙT Battery cathodes (aluminum lithium manganese oxide; nonaq. electrolyte battery) ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; nonaq. electrolyte battery) Lithium alloy ΙT RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte battery) 60-29-7, Diethyl ether, uses 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 96-48-0, $\gamma\textsc{-Butyrolactone}$ 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 100-66-3, Anisole, uses 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 107-12-0, Propionitrile 109-99-9, Thf, uses 110-71-4, 1,2-Dimethoxyethane 126-33-0, Sulfolane 616-38-6,

Dimethyl carbonate 629-14-1, 1,2-Diethoxyethane

646-06-0,

1,3-Dioxolane 1072-47-5, 4-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane 2550-62-1, Lithium methanesulfonate 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride, uses 7550-35-8, Lithium bromide 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 14485-20-2, Lithium tetraphenylborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoromethanesulfonate 35678-71-8, Methylsulfolane 110320-40-6, Polypropylene carbonate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte battery)

L132 ANSWER 13 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:629942 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:180331

TITLE: Manufacture of lithium ion

battery

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Hanxi; Dong, Quanfeng; Ai, Xinping

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wuhan University, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5

pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				_
CN 1241041	A	20000112	CN 1998-113625	1998 0708
CN 1107356	С	20030430	<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 1998-113625	1998 0708
			<	

ED Entered STN: 12 Sep 2000

AB The diaphragm of the battery is manufactured by dissolving copolymer in organic solvent, mixing with additive, preparing thin film (5-250 μm) by screen-printing or coating method, and drying at 30-100° in vacuum. The cathode film of the battery is manufactured by mixing LiMn2O4, LiCoO2, or LiNiO2, acetylene black, copolymer, and pore-forming agent at 10:(1-5):(1-8):(1-6), coating the mixture onto metal foil or metal gauze, and drying at 30-100° in vacuum. The anode film is manufactured by mixing graphite or coke, acetylene black, copolymer, and pore forming agent at 10:(1-3):(1-8):(1-8), coating the mixture onto metal foil or gauze, and drying at 30-100° in vacuum. The battery is manufactured by laminating the cathode film, diaphragm, and anode film; filling electrolyte; drying to obtain dry-state film battery; and cutting. The copolymer is vinylidene fluoride-hexafluoropropylene copolymer; the organic solvent is selected from THF, Me sulfoxide, N,N-DMF, acetone, methylethyl ketone, pyrrolidone, cyclohexanone, and butanone; the additive is from camphor, naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene, and their derivs.

IT 616-45-5, Pyrrolidone

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (solvent; in manufacture of lithium ion
 battery)

RN 616-45-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone (CA INDEX NAME)



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ICM H01M010-38
IC
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
    Technology)
    lithium ion battery manuf
ST
ΤТ
    Coating process
    Screen printing
        (in manufacture of lithium ion battery
       )
ΙT
    Carbon black, uses
     Coke
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (in manufacture of lithium ion battery
      )
    Battery anodes
ΤT
     Battery cathodes
      Secondary batteries
      Secondary battery separators
       (manufacture of lithium ion battery)
ΙT
    76-22-2, Camphor 85-01-8, Phenanthrene, uses 91-20-3,
    Naphthalene, uses 120-12-7, Anthracene, uses 7782-42-5,
     Graphite, uses 9011-17-0, Hexafluoropropylene-vinylidene
     fluoride copolymer 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2)
     12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn204)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
       (in manufacture of lithium ion battery
    67-64-1, Acetone, uses 67-68-5, Methyl sulfoxide, uses
TТ
     68-12-2, N,N-Dimethyl formamide, uses 78-93-3, Methylethyl
     ketone, uses 616-45-5, Pyrrolidone
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (solvent; in manufacture of lithium ion
       battery)
L132 ANSWER 14 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:421456 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        133:32706
TITLE:
                        Nonaqueous electrolytes for batteries
INVENTOR(S):
                       Mikhaylik, Yuriy V.; Skotheim, Terje A.;
                        Gorkovenko, Alexander A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Corp., USA
                       PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
SOURCE:
                       CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                    KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                                DATE
                        ----
     WO 2000036683
                       A2
                               20000622 WO 1999-US30116
                                                                 1999
                                                                 1216
    WO 2000036683
                        A3 20001109
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
            CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
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PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ,
               UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,
               SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
              TD, TG
     EP 1149428
                             Α2
                                    20011031
                                               EP 1999-967390
                                                                             1999
                                                                             1216
                                                      <--
     EP 1149428
                             В1
                                    20030319
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
              MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                                  US 1998-215115
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                         A2
                                                                             1998
                                                                             1217
                                                      <--
                                                  WO 1999-US30116
                                                                             1999
                                                                             1216
                                                      <--
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ED Entered STN: 23 Jun 2000

The present invention relates generally to the field of nonaq. electrolytes for use in elec. current producing cells. More particularly, the present invention pertains to nonaq. electrolytes comprising a highly concentrated solution of one or more lithium salts in one or more nonaq. solvents. More specifically, the present invention pertains to nonaq. electrolytes, suitable for use in an elec. current producing cell, comprising: (a) one or more lithium salts, dissolved in (b) one or more nonaq. oxygencontaining solvents; wherein the concentration of the one or more lithium salts is: (i) >110% of the molar concentration of the one or more lithium salts which would provide maximum ionic conductivity at 25° in the one or more solvents; and, (ii) >1.3M. The present invention also pertains to elec. current producing cells comprising such nonaq. electrolytes, and methods for increasing the safety and cycle life of an elec. current producing cell.



RN 96-47-9 HCAPLUS CN Furan, tetrahydro-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



126-33-0 HCAPLUS RN CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME) 872-93-5 HCAPLUS RN CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-3-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME) 10377-51-2 HCAPLUS RN CN Lithium iodide (LiI) (CA INDEX NAME) I__Li 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS RN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) ● Li

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RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-
    , lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

● Li

RN 274251-47-7 HCAPLUS
CN Lithium(1+), [tetrahydrothiophene 1-(oxide-κO) 1-oxide]-,
 salt with 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]methanesulf
 onamide (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 274251-46-6
 CMF C4 H8 Li O2 S
 CCI CCS

CM 2

CRN 98837-98-0

CMF C2 F6 N O4 S2

ICM H01M010-40 ICS H01M004-58 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ΤТ Battery cathodes Battery electrolytes Secondary batteries (nonaq. electrolytes for batteries) 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7440-44-0D, Carbon, lithium-intercalated, uses 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses 12798-95-7 39448-96-9, Graphite lithium 53680-59-4 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolytes for batteries) 60-29-7, Diethyl ether, uses 77-79-2, 3-Sulfolene 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 108-20-3, Diisopropyl ether 109-87-5, Dimethoxymethane 109-99-9, uses 110-71-4, Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether 111-43-3, Dipropyl ether 111-96-6, DiEthylene glycol dimethyl ether 112-49-2, TriEthylene glycol dimethyl ether 115-10-6, Dimethyl ether 123-91-1, 1,4-Dioxane, uses 126-33-0 142-68-7, Tetrahydropyran 142-96-1, Dibutyl ether

TetraEthylene glycol dimethyl ether 149-73-5, Trimethoxymethane 505-22-6, 1,3-Dioxane 505-65-7, 1,3-Di0xepane 505-68-0, 1,4-DiOxepane 556-65-0, Lithium thiocyanate 592-90-5, Oxepane 872-93-5, 3-MethylSulfolane 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether 6572-91-4, 1,4-Dioxocane 7778-85-0, Propylene glycol dimethyl ether 10143-60-9, Bis(2-ethylhexyl)ether 10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 25190-06-1 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 74432-42-1, Lithium polysulfide 90076-65-6 111109-77-4, DiPropylene glycol dimethyl ether 132404-42-3 274251-44-4 274251-45-5 274251-49-9 274251-47-7 274251-48-8 RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolytes for batteries)

L132 ANSWER 15 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:166260 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:196755

TITLE: Nonaqueous-electrolyte batteries using

sulfolane or sultone analogs

INVENTOR(S): Ochiai, Seijiro; Kobayashi, Aya; Inamasu,

Tokuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yuasa Battery Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2000		Α	20000314	JP 1998-242729	
					1998 0828
PRIORITY APP	LN. INFO.:			< JP 1998-242729	
					1998 0828

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:196755

D Entered STN: 14 Mar 2000

AB The batteries are equipped with cathodes containing Al or Al alloy current collectors and electrolyte solns. or polymer gel electrolytes containing (1) LiOSO2Rf1, (2) LiN(SO2Rf2)(SO2Rf3), and/or (3) LiC(SO2Rf4)(SO2Rf5)(SO2Rf6) (where Rf1-6 = F, CkF2k+1, OCmH2mCnF2n+1; k = 1-5; m = 1 or 2; n = 1-5) and solvents containing sulfolane or sultone-analogs. The batteries have high safety and reliability.

IT 90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrolytes; electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type Li salts and sulfolane or sultone analogs for nonaq. batteries)

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl], lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

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126-33-0, Sulfolane
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (solvents; electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type Li salts and
        sulfolane or sultone analogs for nonaq. batteries)
     126-33-0 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)
     ICM H01M010-40
TC
     ICS C07D327-04; C07D333-48; H01B001-12; H01M004-66; H01M006-16
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
    Technology)
    sulfolane solvent nonag electrolyte battery
     safety; sultone solvent nonag electrolyte
    battery; lithium sulfonylimide electrolyte
    battery
ΤТ
    Battery electrolytes
        (electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type Li salts and sulfolane or
        sultone analogs for nonag. batteries)
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type
        Li salts and sulfolane or sultone analogs for nonaq. batteries)
ТТ
    Aluminum alloy
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (current collectors in cathodes; electrolytes containing
        sulfonyl-type Li salts and sulfolane or sultone analogs for
       nonag. batteries)
ΙT
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (current collectors in cathodes; electrolytes containing
        sulfonyl-type Li salts and sulfolane or sultone analogs for
        nonaq. batteries)
TТ
     90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes; electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type Li salts and
        sulfolane or sultone analogs for nonaq. batteries)
     126-33-0, Sulfolane 1120-71-4D, Propane sultone, derivs.
ΤT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (solvents; electrolytes containing sulfonyl-type Li salts and
        sulfolane or sultone analogs for nonaq. batteries)
L132 ANSWER 16 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1999:460492 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        131:90284
                         Flame-resistant organic electrolytes for
TITLE:
                         nonaqueous secondary battery
                         Usami, Kyohei; Ito, Miho; Kubota, Naohiro;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Mashimo, Shinya
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Denso Corporation, Japan; Asahi Denka Kogyo
                         Kabushiki Kaisha
SOURCE:
                         Fr. Demande, 19 pp.
                         CODEN: FRXXBL
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 FR 2772390	A1	19990618	FR 1998-15228	
				1998
				1202
			<	
FR 2772390	В1	20010302		
JP 11233141	A	19990827	JP 1998-342065	
				1998
				1201
			<	
US 6210840	В1	20010403	US 1998-201667	
				1998
				1201
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-331538 A	
				1997
				1202
			/	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:90284

ED Entered STN: 28 Jul 1999

AB Flame-resistant electrolytes are described for use in secondary batteries, especially secondary lithium batteries with high energy d., comprising an organic solvent containing a salt and 5-100 weight% of a phosphonate or phosphinate of general formula (R1)nP:O(OR2)m, where R1 is C1-8-alkyl, alkyl halide, aryl, aralkyl, or -CH2COOR3 (R3 is C1-8-alkyl or alkyl halide); R2 is Me, Et, C1-8-alkyl halide; m,n=1,2; m+n=3. The organic solvents can be carbonates (e.g., ethylene carbonate and di-Et carbonate), lactones, ethers, sulfolanes or dioxolanes and the salts can be LiPF6, LiBF4, LiClO4, LiAsF6, LiSO3CF3, LiN(CF3SO2)2, LiC(CF3SO2)3.

IT 872-50-4, N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery)

RN 872-50-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS
CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

▲ T.1 +

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA CN INDEX NAME) Li 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS RN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) ICM C09K021-12 IC ICS H01M002-00 ICA C07F009-02 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) electrolyte flame resistant nonaq secondary battery; battery secondary nonflammable nonaq electrolyte; lithium secondary battery nonflammable nonaq electrolyte; safety nonflammable secondary battery electrolyte ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) ΙT Battery electrolytes Fire-resistant materials Safety Secondary batteries (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) Fluoropolymers, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) ΙT Carbonates, uses Ethers, uses Lactones RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) ΙT Solvents (organic; nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) 7440-50-8, Copper, uses

ΙT

10/658,272-266144-EIC 1700 SEARCH RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (anode; nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonag. secondary battery) 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 12190-79-3, Lithium cobalt oxide Li CoO2 RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathode; nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonag. secondary battery) 872-50-4, N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 24937-79-9 RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) 649-68-3 650-16-8 683-08-9, Diethylmethane phosphonate ΙT 756-79-6, Dimethylmethane phosphonate 757-95-9 867-13-0 2240-41-7, Dimethylbenzene phosphonate 6163-75-3, Dimethylethane phosphonate 14337-77-0, Phosphinic acid, dimethyl-, methyl ester 71544-99-5 130522-75-7, Phosphonic acid, methylphenyl, Dimethyl ester 230310-88-0 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonag. secondary 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 126-33-0, Sulfolane 646-06-0, Dioxolane 7791-03-9 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate LiBF4 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate LiPF6 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate LiAsF6 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)amide 132404-42-3, Lithium tris(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)methanide RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) IΤ 9003-07-0, Polypropylene RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (separator; nonflammable organic electrolytes for nonaq. secondary battery) L132 ANSWER 17 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:224763 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:225404 TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte batteries INVENTOR(S): Sato, Tomohiro; Mori, Shoichiro; Deshamps,

INVENTOR(S): Sato, Tomohiro; Mori, Shoichiro; Deshamps,
Marc; Kotato, Minoru; Shima, Noriko; Suzuki,

Hitoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		10000401		
WO 9916144	A1	19990401	WO 1998-JP4181	1998 0917
			<	0917

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD,

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MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,
         SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF,
              BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                           A 20020802 JP 1997-278626
     JP 2002216841
                                                                         1997
                                                                         1013
                                                   <--

    JP 4085450
    B2
    20080514

    JP 2002216850
    A
    20020802
    JP 1998-111794

                                                                         1998
                                                                         0422
                                                   <--
     AU 9890951 A 19990412 AU 1998-90951
                                                                          1998
                                                                          0917
                    A 19990618
     JP 11162511
                                                JP 1998-263140
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                                                                         0917
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     JP 3658506
                          B2 20050608
     EP 1030399
                          A1 20000823 EP 1998-943020
                                                                          1998
                                                                          0917
                                                    <--
         R: DE
     CN 1134083
                          С
                                   20040107 CN 1998-811216
                                                                          1998
                                                                         0917
                                                    <--
                  B1 20031230
     US 6670078
                                                US 2000-508108
                                                                          2000
                                                                          0719
                                                   <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                JP 1997-254802
                                                                          1997
                                                                          0919
                                                JP 1997-278626
                                                                          1997
                                                                          1013
                                                   <--
                                                JP 1998-111794
                                                                          1998
                                                                          0422
                                                   <--
                                                WO 1998-JP4181
                                                                          1998
                                                                          0917
                                                   <--
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:225404

ED Entered STN: 12 Apr 1999

AB The batteries have a Li anode, a cathode, a nonaq. electrolyte containing a solute and an organic solvent, a separator, and a battery case; where the solvent contains a compound RAR' [R and R' are (aryl- or halogen-substituted) alkyl group or (alkyl- or halogen-substituted) aryl group; A = -OSO2-, -SO2-, -SO3-, or -SO4-; and R, R', and A may form a ring], and the cathode collector and the cathode side of the battery case contacting the electrolyte are composed of a metal, which forms a passivation film in electrolyte, or its alloy.

batteries with readily passivated metals for cathode collectors and battery case linings)

- RN 77-79-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Thiophene, 2,5-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS

CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M010-40

ICS H01M004-64; H01M004-66

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST lithium battery electrolyte solvent organosulfur compd; cathode collector compn lithium battery; metal compn lithium battery case
- IT Battery electrolytes

(electrolyte solvents in lithium

batteries with readily passivated metals for cathode collectors and battery case linings)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; secondary lithium

batteries with readily passivated metals for

cathode collectors and battery case linings)

IT Battery cathodes

(secondary lithium batteries with

readily passivated metals for cathode collectors and battery case linings)

IT 77-79-2, Sulfolene 96-48-0, γ -

Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl

carbonate 109-99-9, Thf, uses 126-33-0,

Sulfolane 554-12-1, Methyl propionate 616-42-2, Dimethyl sulfite 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propanesultone 3741-38-6, Ethylene

sulfite

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvents in lithium

batteries with readily passivated metals for cathode collectors and battery case linings)

7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-03-1, Niobium, uses 7440-25-7, ΙT Tantalum, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-58-6, Hafnium,

7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(secondary lithium batteries with

readily passivated metals for cathode collectors and

battery case linings)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L132 ANSWER 18 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:175852 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:198791

Rechargeable lithium battery TITLE:

with organic electrolyte and carbon anode

INVENTOR(S): Jehoulet, Christophe; Moteau, Cecile
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alcatel, Fr.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 901180	A1	19990310	EP 1998-402068	
				1998

0817

<--

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,

MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

FR 2767969 A1 19990305 FR 1997-10822

1997 0829

B1 19991015 A 19990511 FR 2767969

JP 11126632 JP 1998-241586

1998

0827

FR 1997-10822 1997

0829

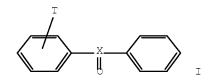
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MARPAT 130:198791 OTHER SOURCE(S):

ED Entered STN: 17 Mar 1999

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GT



$$x^1$$
 x^2 x^2

AB The Li secondary battery contains a Li cathode, a C anode, and an electrolyte containing a Li salt, ≥1 organic solvent, and an additive. The additive is an organic compound containing a X atom connected to ≥1 O atom or X-O bonds electronically conjugated with ≥1 unsatd. bond. The compound has a general formula (I) or (II) (X = S,C; T, X1, X2 = H, R, OH, OR, NH2, NHR, SH, SR, I, F, Cl, Br; R = Cl-6 alkyl; T is in the ortho- or para- position).

IT 127-63-9, Diphenyl sulfone
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(in electrolyte for lithium
secondary batteries)

RN 127-63-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, 1,1'-sulfonylbis- (CA INDEX NAME)

96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 109-99-9, uses ΙT 126-33-0, Sulfolane 872-50-4, N-Methylpyrrolidone, uses 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (in electrolyte for lithium secondary batteries) RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS CN2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 872-50-4 HCAPLUS CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 90076-65-6 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl], lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

IC ICM H01M010-40 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

```
ST
    battery electrolyte additive; lithium battery
     electrolyte additive carbon anode
    Battery electrolytes
ΙT
       (additive for)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
       (lithium; rechargeable lithium
       battery with organic electrolyte and carbon anode)
ΙT
     127-63-9, Diphenyl sulfone 945-51-7, Diphenyl sulfoxide
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
       (in electrolyte for lithium
       secondary batteries)
ΙT
     67-68-5, Dimethylsulfoxide, uses 68-12-2, Dimethylformamide,
     uses 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses 75-56-9, uses 79-16-3,
     N-Methylacetamide 96-48-0, y-Butyrolactone
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate
     108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 109-99-9, uses 123-39-7,
     N-Methylformamide 126-33-0, Sulfolane 616-38-6,
     Dimethyl carbonate 616-42-2, Dimethyl sulfite 623-96-1,
     Dipropyl carbonate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxolane 372-50-4,
     N-Methylpyrrolidone, uses 7791-03-9, Lithium
     perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium
     tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
     hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium
     trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6 133395-17-2
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (in electrolyte for lithium
       secondary batteries)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                              FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                              IN THE RE FORMAT
L132 ANSWER 19 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:675100 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:275100
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        119:275100
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:49155a,49158a
                        Batteries with solid polymer electrolytes
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                        Kono, Michiyuki; Mori, Shigeo; Takeda,
                        Kazunari; Izuti, Shyuiti
                      Daiichi Kogyo Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan; Yuasa
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Corp.
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                     KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                                DATE
                        ____
     WO 9314529
                       A1 19930722 WO 1993-JP64
                                                                  1993
                                                                  0120
         W: CA, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE
     JP 05198303
                              19930806 JP 1992-31451
                                                                 1992
                                                                 0121
                                             <--
               A1 19940105 EP 1993-902505
     EP 576686
                                                                 1993
                                                                 0120
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EP 576686	В1	20011010				
R: DE, FR, GB JP 07006787	А	19950110	JP	1993-26269		
						1993
				<		0120
JP 3290229	В2	20020610				
CA 2106205	С	19991214	CA	1993-2106205		
						1993
						0120
US 5436090	A	19950725	IIS	< 1993-119214		
05 3 13 0 0 3 0	11	19930723	OB	1,000 11,0211		1993
						0921
				<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1992-31451	Α	1000
						1992 0121
				<		0121
			WO	1993-JP64	W	
						1993
						0120
				<		

ED Entered STN: 25 Dec 1993

AB The batteries use electrolytes obtained by crosslinking a mixture containing a trifunctional group polymer, an electrolyte salt, and a solvent by energy beam irradiation and/or heating; where the polymer contains 3 functional polymer chains of (CH2CH2O)m(CH2CRHO)nCOCR1:CH2 (R = C1-6 alkyl group, R1 = H or Me, m + n ≥35, and m or n may be 0), and the solvent is used at 220-950% the weight of the polymer. The batteries may use the electrolyte as separators and cathodes containing the electrolyte, or use anodes containing the electrolyte.

IT 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 126-33-0,

Sulfolan

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes containing lithium salts

and polyglycol triacrylates and, for batteries)

RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
 14283-07-9, Lithium fluoroborate
 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate
RL: USES (Uses)
 (electrolytes containing polyglycol triacrylates and solvents and, for batteries)
RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

126-33-0, Sulfolan

IC ICM H01M010-40 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 38 battery polyglycol triacrylate solid electrolyte; cathode ST polyglycol triacrylate electrolyte battery; anode polyglycol triacrylate electrolyte battery Battery electrolytes ΙT (lithium salt-crosslinked polyglycol triacrylate-organic solvent) ΙT Cathodes (battery, crosslinked polymer electrolyte-containing) 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 25233-30-1, Polyaniline ΙT RL: USES (Uses) (cathodes, containing crosslinked polymer electrolytes for batteries) 52408-84-1 101661-95-4 111804-95-6 150604-31-2 150604-34-5 150604-35-6 151614-89-0 RL: USES (Uses) (crosslinked, electrolyte containing lithium salts and solvents and, for batteries) 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one 110-71-4, 1,2-Dimethoxyethane

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes containing lithium salts

and polyglycol triacrylates and, for batteries)

556-65-0, Lithium thiocyanate 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium

fluoroborate 33454-82-9, Lithium

trifluoromethanesulfonate

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes containing polyglycol triacrylates and solvents and, for batteries)

L132 ANSWER 20 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 1993:452877 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:52877 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:9521a,9524a

TITLE:

Nonaqueous electrolytes for high-energy

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Webber, Andrew

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eveready Battery Co., USA SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent. LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 529802	A1	19930303	EP 1992-306734	1992 0723
EP 529802	В1	20000419	<	0723
R: BE, FR, GB CA 2072488	A1	19930214	CA 1992-2072488	1992
CA 2072488	С	20021001	<	0626
JP 05198315	A	19930806	JP 1992-223146	1992
JP 3514478	В2	20040331	<	0710
нк 1007409	A1	20010803	нк 1998-106326	1998 0624
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< US 1991-744179	0624 A
			<	1991 0813

ED Entered STN: 07 Aug 1993

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvent mixts. of DME-dioxolane-, for lithium batteries)

126-33-0 HCAPLUS RN

The electrolytes comprise a solute dissolved in a 1:99 to 45:55 (weight ratio) mixture of a dioxolane-based and an acyclic ether solvent, and they contain <25 weight% cosolvent. The dioxolane-based solvent is dioxolane; the acyclic ether is Et glyme, diglyme, triglyme, and preferably DME; and the cosolvent is 3-methyl-2-oxazolidone, propylene carbonate, ethylene carbonate, butylene carbonate, sulfolane, and/or preferably 3,5-dimethylisoxazole. The preferred solute is LiCF3SO3, the anode of the batteries is Li, and their cathode is selected from fluorinated C, a metal sulfide, a metal oxide, and/or a metal chloride, and preferably FeS2.

ΤТ 126-33-0, Sulfolane

CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



TT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate
33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate
90076-65-6
RL: USES (Uses)
(electrolytes containing solvent mixts. and, for
lithium batteries)
RN 7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
CN Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

RN 33454-82-9 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, lithium salt (1:1) (CA
INDEX NAME)

● Li

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl], lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li

ICM H01M006-16 T.C. 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST lithium battery nonaq electrolyte solvent; dioxolane acyclic ether electrolyte solvent; DME dioxolane battery electrolyte solvent; dimethylisoxazole DME dioxolane ΙT Battery electrolytes (dioxolane-acyclic ether solvent mixts. for lithium) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 126-33-0, Sulfolane 300-87-8, 3,5-Dimethylisoxazole 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate 19836-78-3 RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte solvent mixts. of DME-dioxolane-, for lithium batteries) 646-06-0, Dioxolane RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte solvent mixts. of acyclic ether-dimethylisoxazole-, for lithium batteries) ΙT 110-71-4 111-96-6, Diglyme 112-49-2, Triglyme RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte solvent mixts. of dioxolane-dimethylisoxazole-, for lithium batteries) 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-32-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6 RL: USES (Uses) (electrolytes containing solvent mixts. and, for

L132 ANSWER 21 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:517773 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:117773

lithium batteries)

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 115:20143a,20146a

TITLE: Nonaqueous secondary battery

INVENTOR(S):
Eisenberg, Morris

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Electrochimica Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 3 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5024906	A	19910618	US 1990-586295	
				1990
				0921

<--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1990-586295

1990 0921

Entered STN: 23 Sep 1991 ED

- An ionizing solvent of SO2 and Me chloroformate, Et chloroformate, and/or sulfolane is AB added to an electrolyte containing a Lewis acid salt of an active metal anode. The addition of the solvent to the electrolyte prevents freezing of the electrolyte and increases battery performance and cathode capacity utilization.
- 14024-11-4, Lithium aluminum chloride (LiAlCl4)

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte containing alkyl chloroformate or sulfolane and sulfur dioxide and, for batteries)

14024-11-4 HCAPLUS RN

CN Aluminate(1-), tetrachloro-, lithium (1:1), (T-4)- (CA INDEX

ΙT 126-33-0, Sulfolane RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte containing lithium salt and sulfur dioxide and, for batteries) RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME) CN



ТТ

ICM H01M010-40

INCL 429101000

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST electrolyte solvent nonag battery; methyl chloroformate battery electrolyte; ethyl chloroformate battery electrolyte; sulfolane battery electrolyte; sulfur dioxide battery electrolyte

ΙT Batteries, secondary

> (lithium-copper chloride, with electrolyte containing alkyl chloroformate or sulfolane and lithium salt and sulfur dioxide, performance of)

7446-09-5, Sulfur dioxide, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte containing alkyl chloroformate or sulfolane and lithium salt and, for batteries)

14024-11-4, Lithium aluminum chloride (LiAlCl4) ΙT

15138-76-8 15955-98-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte containing alkyl chloroformate or sulfolane and sulfur dioxide and, for batteries)

ΙT 79-22-1, Methyl chloroformate 126-33-0, Sulfolane

541-41-3, Ethyl chloroformate

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte containing lithium salt and sulfur dioxide and, for batteries)

L132 ANSWER 22 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:453399 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:53399

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 115:9221a,9224a

TITLE: Nonaqueous-electrolyte secondary

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Takami, Norio; Ohsaki, Takahisa; Inada, Kuniaki; Kurisu, Norihito; Yamada, Shuji;

Takabayashi, Junichi

Toshiba Corp., Japan; Toshiba Battery Co., PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ltd.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 398689	A2	19901122	EP 1990-305300	1990
			<	0516
EP 398689	A3	19920527	•	
EP 398689	В1	19950816		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 03049165	A	19910301	JP 1989-184245	1000
				1989 0717
			<	0717
JP 03074061	A	19910328	JP 1989-215594	
				1989
				0822
	_ •		<	
JP 3017756 JP 03078976	B2 A		TD 1000 21FF02	
JP 030/89/6	Α	19910404	JP 1989-215593	1989
				0822
			<	
CA 2016777	A1	19901116	CA 1990-2016777	
				1990
				0515
CA 2016777	С	19931012	<	
US 5079109	A		US 1990-523569	
			32 2333	1990
				0515
			<	
JP 03250565	A	19911108	JP 1990-193840	
				1990 0724
			<	0724
JP 3128230	В2	20010129	`	
DRITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-122604	А
				1989
				0516
			<	_
			JP 1989-215594	A 1989
				0822
				0022

JP 1989-184245 Α 1989 0717 JP 1989-215592 1989 0822 JP 1989-215593 1989 0822 <--JP 1990-2557 1990 0111

<--

Entered STN: 10 Aug 1991

AΒ The batteries comprise a Li-containing cathode housed in a case, a Li anode arranged in the case so that a separator is sandwiched between the anode and cathods, and a nonaq. electrolyte. The electrolyte is prepared by dissolving an electrolytic salt (e.g., LiPF6 or LiBF4) in a solvent mixture comprising ethylene carbonate, 2methyltetrahydrofuran, and ≥1 ester- and/or ether-based nonaq. solvents. Batteries using these electrolyte solvent mixts. have large capacity and long charge/discharge cycle life.

96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses and miscellaneous 126-33-0, Sulfolane 534-22-5, 2-Methylfuran RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte solvent containing ethylene carbonate and methyltetrahydrofuran and, for lithium batteries) 96-48-0 HCAPLUS RN

2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN126-33-0 HCAPLUS Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 534-22-5 HCAPLUS Furan, 2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

IT 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (electrolyte solvent containing, esters and ethers in, for
 lithium batteries)
RN 96-47-9 HCAPLUS
CN Furan, tetrahydro-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 14283-07-9 21324-40-3
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (electrolyte, solvent mixts. for, for secondary batteries)
RN 14283-07-9 HCAPLUS
CN Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li +

RN 21324-40-3 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Li+

IC ICM H01M010-40

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST lithium battery electrolyte solvent mixt; ethylene carbonate electrolyte solvent battery; methyltetrahydrofuran electrolyte solvent lithium battery; ester electrolyte solvent

battery; ether electrolyte solvent battery

IT Esters, uses and miscellaneous Ethers, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvent containing ethylene carbonate and methyltetrahydrofuran and, for lithium

batteries)

IT Batteries, secondary

(lithium-manganese dioxide, nonaq. electrolytes for)

IT 96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone 108-32-7, Propylene
 carbonate 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses and
 miscellaneous 110-71-4, 1,2-Dimethoxyethane 126-33-0,
 Sulfolane 534-22-5, 2-Methylfuran 616-38-6, Dimethyl
 carbonate 629-14-1 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxolane 4437-85-8,
 Butylene carbonate 17081-21-9, 1,3-Dimethoxypropane
 RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvent containing ethylene carbonate and methyltetrahydrofuran and, for $\mathtt{lithium}$

batteries)

IT 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 96-49-1, Ethylene

carbonate

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvent containing, esters and ethers in, for lithium batteries)

IT 14283-07-9 21324-40-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolyte, solvent mixts. for, for secondary

batteries)

L132 ANSWER 23 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:555874 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:155874
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 113:26457a,26460a

TITLE: Preparation of ion-conductive solid electrolyte and its use in hithium

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Toru; Shimizu, Ryuichi; Suehiro,

Tsutomu; Ashitaka, Hidetomo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.

106,641.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				_
US 4908283	A	19900313	US 1989-342122	
				1989
				0424
			<	
JP 63094501	A	19880425	JP 1986-239041	
				1986
				1009
			<	
JP 03073081	В	19911120		
JP 63094563	A	19880425	JP 1986-239042	
				1986
				1009
			<	
JP 63135477	A	19880607	JP 1986-281148	
				1986
				1126

<--JP 06096699 В 19941130 JP 63181259 19880726 Α JP 1987-12273 1987 0123 <--JP 05063905 19930913 В PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-239041 1986 1009 JP 1986-239042 1986 1009 <--JP 1986-281148 1986 1126 JP 1987-12273 1987 0123 <--US 1987-106641 1987

ED Entered STN: 27 Oct 1990

The electrolyte is prepared by curing a composition of an acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene of mol. weight 200-3000, 0.05-50 mol% inorg. salt, and 200 weight% organic solvent by irradiation with active rays (high-pressure Hg lamp). The acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkene comprises CH(R1)CRCO2 and (CH2CHR2O)n, where R and R2 are H or C1-6 alkyl, R1 is H or an aromatic group, and n is an integer of 1-30. The salt is a Li, Na, K, Cs, Ag, Cu, or Mg salt and the solvent is selected from propylene carbonate, butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, THF, MeCN, DME, DMSO, dioxolane, and sulfolane. A solid-electrolyte battery uses a Li or Li alloy anode and a cathode of a cured product of a cathode active material (MnO2) and the electrolyte. The ion conductivities of the LiClO4-containing invention electrolyte films at .apprx.20° were 5.9 + 10-5 to 1.1 + 10-7 S/cm.

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1008

IT 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and inorg. compds. and, for batteries)

RN 96-48-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1.09-99-9, THF, uses and miscellaneous 1.26-33-0,
 Sulfolane
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and inorg. compds. and, for batteries)

RN 109-99-9 HCAPLUS

CN Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



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126-33-0 HCAPLUS
CN
     Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)
     7791-03-9
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and
        organic solvents and, for batteries)
     7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
   H01M006-18; H01M010-26
T.C.
INCL 429192000
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76
     polyoxyalkylene acrylate battery electrolyte; lithium
    manganese dioxide battery electrolyte; manganese dioxide
    polyoxyalkylene acrylate cathode; elec cond
    polyoxyalkylene acrylate electrolyte; lithium perchlorate
    polyoxyalkylene acrylate electrolyte
    Polyoxyalkylenes, compounds
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (acrylates, polymers, electrolytes containing organic
        solvents and lithium salts and, for
       batteries)
    Batteries, primary
ΙT
       Batteries, secondary
        (lithium-manganese dioxide, electrolytes
        containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and lithium
        salt and organic solvent for)
IΤ
    Cathodes
        (battery, manganese dioxide, containing acryloyl-terminated
        polyoxyalkylene and lithium salt and
       organic solvents)
TT
     Electric conductivity and conduction
        (ionic, of electrolytes contq acryloyl-terminated
        polyoxyalkylene amd lithium salts and
        organic solvents, for batteries)
     1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cathodes, containing acryloyl-terminated
        polyoxyalkylene-lithium salt
        electrolytes, for batteries)
```

67-68-5, DMSO, uses and miscellaneous 75-05-8, Acetonitrile,

```
uses and miscellaneous 96-48-0, \gamma-Butyrolactone
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and
        inorg. compds. and, for batteries)
TT
     109-99-9, THF, uses and miscellaneous
                                            110-71-4
     126-33-0, Sulfolane 646-06-0, Dioxolane
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and
        inorg. compds. and, for batteries)
     7791-03-9
TT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene and
        organic solvents and, for batteries)
     7439-93-2D, Lithium, acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene complexes
ΙT
     7439-95-4D, Magnesium, acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene
                 7440-09-7D, Potassium, acryloyl-terminated
     polyoxyalkylene complexes 7440-22-4D, Silver,
     acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene complexes
                                                     7440-23-5D,
     Sodium, acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene complexes
     7440-46-2D, Cesium, acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene complexes
     7440-50-8D, Copper, acryloyl-terminated polyoxyalkylene complexes
     129845-23-4D, lithium complexes
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes, containing organic solvents
        , for batteries)
L132 ANSWER 24 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                    1988:64511 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        108:64511
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 108:10593a,10596a
TITLE:
                        Oxidation potentials of electrolyte
                         solutions for lithium cells
AUTHOR(S):
                        Ossola, F.; Pistoia, G.; Seeber, R.; Ugo, P.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Ist. Chim. Tecnol. Radioelem., C. N. R.,
                         Padova, Italy
SOURCE:
                         Electrochimica Acta (1988), 33(1),
                         47-50
                         CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 20 Feb 1988
ED
     The oxidation potentials, Eox of several solns. of interest for nonaq. Li cells were
AB
     measured by linear sweep voltammetric expts. A correlation is found between Eox and the
     basicity of the solvents, expressed by their donor nos. (DN). Esters and sulfones have
     higher resistance to oxidation than ethers, which possess the highest DN values. All
     solns. had Eox > 4 V vs. Li/Li+. However, some reactivity between pos. electrodes and
     solns. was observed below this potential.
ΙT
     96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of THF and, in lithium
        cells)
     96-47-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Furan, tetrahydro-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```



```
IT 126-33-0, Sulfolane
   RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of benzene and, in
        lithium cells)
```

RN 126-33-0 HCAPLUS CN Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 534-22-5, 2-Methylfuran
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of
 methyltetrahydrofuran and THF and, in lithium cells)
RN 534-22-5 HCAPLUS
CN Furan, 2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)





● Li

RN 29935-35-1 HCAPLUS
CN Arsenate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC

```
72-2 (Electrochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23, 27, 52, 78
ST
     lithium cell electrolyte oxidn potential
ΙT
    Batteries, primary
        (lithium, oxidation of electrolyte solns. in)
ΙT
    Nucleophilicity
        (oxidation potential of organic solvents in
        relation to)
IΤ
    Cathodes
        (teflonized acetylene black, in lithium
        batteries)
ΙT
     96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of THF and, in lithium
        cells)
     126-33-0, Sulfolane
IΤ
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of benzene and, in
        lithium cells)
TT
     534-22-5, 2-Methylfuran
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of
        methyltetrahydrofuran and THF and, in lithium cells)
ΙT
     109-99-9, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potential of electrolyte solns. of methyltetrhydrofuran
        and, in lithium cells)
     7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 29935-35-1
TТ
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (oxidation potentials of electrolyte solns. for
        lithium cells containing)
L132 ANSWER 25 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1987:537569 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         107:137569
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 107:22179a,22182a
TITLE:
                         Electrochemical and structural characteristics
                         of niobium(V) oxide in a rechargeable
                         lithium battery
AUTHOR(S):
                         Kumagai, N.; Ishiyama, I.; Tanno, K.
                         Fac. Eng., Iwate Univ., Morioka, 020, Japan
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Power Sources (1987),
                         20(3-4), 193-8
                         CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Entered STN: 17 Oct 1987
     The discharge behavior of Nb205 in various electrolytes is unaffected by the choice of
     solvent, but is strongly dependent on the crystal radius of the solute cation species.
     Thermodn. and structural studies show that this is due to the insertion of unsolvated
```

Li+ into the crystal lattice. The graphite content of the Nb2O5 electrode has a marked influence on the cycling behavior on account of the decrease in the oxide conductivity with discharge. Furthermore, the chemical diffusion coefficient of Li+ ions in Nb2O5 is

```
.apprx.10-10 cm2/s, which is 1 order of magnitude smaller than that in V205 with a
     layered structure.
     96-48-0, Butyrolactone 126-33-0, Sulfolane
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes, containing lithium perchlorate,
        niobium pentoxide cathode discharge in, in
        lithium batteries)
RN
    96-48-0 HCAPLUS
CN
    2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)
RN
    126-33-0 HCAPLUS
CN
    Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)
     7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes, in organic solvents,
        niobium pentoxide cathode discharge in, in
        lithium batteries)
    7791-03-9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Perchloric acid, lithium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
   Li
CC
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
    Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 72
ST
     lithium battery niobium pentoxide
ΙT
        (of lithium ion, in niobium pentoxide and
        vanadium pentoxide cathodes, of lithium
        batteries)
ΙT
    Cathodes
        (battery, niobium pentoxide, with crystal structure of
        three-dimensional packing, electrochem. and structural
        characteristics of)
ΙT
     1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
```

(cathodes, lithium diffusion in, discharge capacity

in relation to)

RL: USES (Uses)

1313-96-8, Niobium pentoxide

ΙT

(cathodes, with crystal structure of three-dimensional packing, electrochem. and structural

characteristics of, for lithium batteries)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, properties

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(diffusion of, in niobium pentoxide and vanadium pentoxide cathodes, of lithium batteries)

IT 67-68-5, DMSO, uses and miscellaneous 96-48-0,

Butyrolactone 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 126-33-0,

Sulfolane

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes, containing lithium perchlorate, niobium pentoxide cathode discharge in, in

lithium batteries)

IT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrolytes, in organic solvents,

niobium pentoxide cathode discharge in, in

lithium batteries)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(niobium pentoxide cathodes containing, lithium batteries, cycling performance in relation to)

L132 ANSWER 26 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:539754 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:139754

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:21093a,21096a

TITLE: Polymer-electrode battery

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Showa Denko K. K., Japan; Hitachi, Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 59042784	A	19840309	JP 1982-152698	
				1982
				0903
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:		JP 1982-152698	
				1982
				0903
			,	

Entered STN: 13 Oct 1984

ED GT



AB In a battery having an anode and cathode of a polymer with double bonds, I (R = H, C1-15 alkyl, or C6-15 aryl; and n = 0-4) is used as an organic solvent for an electrolyte. Alternatively, a conductive polymer from the doped polymer may be used as the anode and cathode. Thus, 3-methyltetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide [872-93-5] is used as a

```
solvent for LiBF4 of a secondary battery having a polyacetylene anode and cathode .
     The battery had a high energy d. and charge-discharge property.
     14283-07-9
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (electrolyte, in methyltetrahydrothiophene dioxide for
        secondary battery with polyacetylene
        electrodes)
RN
    14283-07-9 HCAPLUS
    Borate(1-), tetrafluoro-, lithium (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
ΙT
     126-33-0D, derivs.
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (solvent, for battery with polymer electrodes)
RN
     126-33-0 HCAPLUS
CN
    Thiophene, tetrahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)
ТТ
    372-93-5
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (solvent, for lithium tetrahydroborate
        electrolyte for secondary battery
       with polyacetylene electrodes)
     872-93-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Thiophene, tetrahydro-3-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)
IC
    H01M010-40
ICA H01M004-36
CC
     72-3 (Electrochemistry)
ST
    hydrothiophene oxide solvent secondary battery
ΙT
     Batteries, secondary
        (nonag., with polymer electrodes and tetrahydrothiophene
        dioxide derivs. as solvent)
     25067-58-7
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (electrodes, in battery with Me tetrahydrothiophene dioxide
        solvent and lithium fluoroborate electrolyte
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25190-62-9

ΙT

51325-05-4

```
RL: PRP (Properties)
        (electrodes, in secondary battery with
        solvent from tetrahydrothiophene dioxide derivs.)
ΙT
     14283-07-9
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (electrolyte, in methyltetrahydrothiophene dioxide for
        secondary battery with polyacetylene
        electrodes)
ΙT
     126-33-0D, derivs.
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (solvent, for battery with polymer electrodes)
     872-93-5
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (solvent, for lithium tetrahydroborate
        electrolyte for secondary battery
        with polyacetylene electrodes)
L132 ANSWER 27 OF 27 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1983:460825 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         99:60825
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:9361a,9364a
TITLE:
                         Electrochemistry of a nonaqueous
                         lithium/sulfur cell
AUTHOR(S):
                         Yamin, H.; Peled, E.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Dep. Chem., Tel-Aviv Univ., Tel Aviv Jaffa,
                         69978, Israel
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Power Sources (1983),
                         9(3-4), 281-7
                         CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
    Entered STN: 12 May 1984
     The development and the electrochem. of laboratory prototype Li/S button cells is
     described. The cell consists of a Li anode, a porous catalytic current collector which
     is loaded with S, and an organic solvent containing Li polysulfide. The case of the
     cell was made from stainless steel and sealing was accomplished by the use of a
     combination of organic elastomer and cement (with no crimping). After 3 wk storage at
     60°, the button cells lost only .apprx.1 mg of weight  The Li polysulfide reacts with
     the Li anode to form a passivating layer which acts as a solid electrolyte interphase.
     The electromotive force of the cells changes from 2.38 to 2.15 V depending on the
     composition of the solns. Cells exhibit flat discharge curves at low drains. The
     energy d. of the cells is 730 \text{ W-h/kg} or 900 \text{ W-h/1} at room temperature and 950 \text{ W-h/kg} or
     1200 W-h/L at 60° (calculated on the basis of all cell components, excluding the case).
     Storage and discharge tests at 60^{\circ} show a capacity loss of 2-5% per mo depending on
     solution composition This indicates a shelf life of at least 10 yr at room temperature
ΙT
     109-99-9, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (lithium-sulfur battery with
        electrolyte from lithium perchlorate saturated
        with polysulfide dissolved in toluene)
RN
     109-99-9 HCAPLUS
     Furan, tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```



```
CC 72-3 (Electrochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 52
ST lithium sulfur nonaq battery
IT Batteries, primary
(button-type nonaq., lithium-sulfur)
IT 7704-34-9, uses and miscellaneous
```

```
RL: USES (Uses)
       (cathode, in nonaq. button-type battery
       with lithium)
ΙT
   109-99-9, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (lithium-sulfur battery with
       electrolyte from lithium perchlorate saturated
       with polysulfide dissolved in toluene)
ΙT
    7791-03-9
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (lithium-sulfur battery with toluene-THF
       containing polysulfide and)
    74432-42-1
ΙT
    RL: PRP (Properties)
       (lithium-sulfur button-type battery with organic
       solvent containing)
```

FULL SEARCH HISTORY

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=> d his nofile
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:24:53 ON 25 JUL 2008)
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:25:13 ON 25 JUL 2008
                E US20040185347/PN
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20040185347/PN
L1
                D ALL
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:26:11 ON 25 JUL 2008
             54 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (463-79-6/BI OR 10377-51-2/BI OR
L2
                105-58-8/BI OR 108-32-7/BI OR 108-88-3/BI OR 117-80-6/B
                I OR 1192-62-7/BI OR 1193-79-9/BI OR 126-33-0/BI OR
                127-63-9/BI OR 131651-65-5/BI OR 13243-65-7/BI OR
                1330-20-7/BI OR 14024-11-4/BI OR 14283-07-9/BI OR
                162684-16-4/BI OR 16851-82-4/BI OR 18424-17-4/BI OR
                1889-59-4/BI OR 21324-40-3/BI OR 271-89-6/BI OR
                27359-10-0/BI OR 28122-14-7/BI OR 28452-93-9/BI OR
                29935-35-1/BI OR 33454-82-9/BI OR 35363-40-7/BI OR
                3680-02-2/BI OR 37220-89-6/BI OR 39300-70-4/BI OR
                4265-27-4/BI OR 4437-85-8/BI OR 462-06-6/BI OR
                524-42-5/BI OR 5535-43-3/BI OR 5535-48-8/BI OR
                56525-42-9/BI OR 616-38-6/BI OR 620-32-6/BI OR
                623-53-0/BI OR 623-96-1/BI OR 625-86-5/BI OR 67-71-0/BI
                 OR 693-98-1/BI OR 71-43-2/BI OR 7439-93-2/BI OR
                7447-41-8/BI OR 7474-83-1/BI OR 77-77-0/BI OR 7791-03-9
                /BI OR 80-05-7/BI OR 90076-65-6/BI OR 95-15-8/BI OR
                96-49-1/BI)
                D SCAN
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:27:20 ON 25 JUL 2008
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:31:14 ON 25 JUL 2008
1.3
                STR
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:34:55 ON 25 JUL 2008
T.4
             50 SEA SSS SAM L3
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:35:48 ON 25 JUL 2008
L5
                STR L3
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:37:10 ON 25 JUL 2008
L6
             50 SEA SSS SAM L5
    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:37:43 ON 25 JUL 2008
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:41:24 ON 25 JUL 2008
L7
                SCR 1838
L8
                SCR 2043
             50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L8
L9
L10
               SCR 2043 OR 1841
L11
             50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L10
L12
```

SCR 2043 OR 1841 OR 1918 L13 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L12 L14 SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L14 L15 L16 50 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L7 NOT L14 L17 SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1950 L18 50 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L7 NOT L17 L19 SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1948 L20 SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1948 L21 50 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L7 NOT L20 L22 28 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND 1-2/NR

D SCAN

	FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:50:42 ON 25 JUL 2008
L23 L24 L25 L26	SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1948 OR 1994 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L25
L27	SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1948 OR 1994 OR 2016 OR 202 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L7 NOT L27
L29	SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 OR 1947 OR 1994 OR 2016 OR 202
L30	
L31 L32	50 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L7 NOT L29 STR L3
L33	50 SEA SSS SAM L32 AND L7 NOT L29
	ETTE TIDECTCTDVI ENTEDED AT 10.11.20 ON 25 THE 2000
L34	FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:11:38 ON 25 JUL 2008 STR L32
L35	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:18:07 ON 25 JUL 2008 50 SEA SSS SAM L34
L36	
L37	
	D SCAN D QUE L29
L38	-
L39	50 SEA SSS SAM L34 AND L7 NOT L38 278393 SEA SSS FUL L34 AND L7 NOT L38
L40	278393 SEA SSS FUL L34 AND L7 NOT L38 D SAV
L41	
	SAV L40 WEI272REG/A
L42	FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:31:09 ON 25 JUL 2008 STR
	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:40:57 ON 25 JUL 2008
L43	50 SEA SSS SAM L42
L44	
L45 L46	SCR 1840 OR 2043 OR 1918 50 SEA SSS SAM L42 AND L44 NOT L45
L47	
	D SCAN
1.48	D QUE STAT L46 3523 SEA SSS FUL L42 AND L44 NOT L45
	SAV TEMP L48 WEI272REGA/A
	FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:47:57 ON 25 JUL 2008
	FILE SINGOIDE ENTERED AT 10.47.57 ON 25 OOL 2000
	FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:48:57 ON 25 JUL 2008
L49	STR
	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:51:47 ON 25 JUL 2008
L50	50 SEA SSS SAM L49
	FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:52:29 ON 25 JUL 2008
L51	STR L49
T E O	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:58:46 ON 25 JUL 2008
L52 L53	33 SEA SSS SAM L51 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND ?SULFONE?/CNS
	D SCAN
L54	·
L55	4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L54 NOT L53 D SCAN
L56	SCR 1840 OR 2043
L57	SCR 2005 AND 2021

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L58
             50 SEA SSS SAM L51 AND L57 NOT L56
               D OUE STAT
L59
               SCR 1840 OR 2043 OR 2023 OR 1947 OR 1993 OR 2016 OR 202
L60
            50 SEA SSS SAM L51 AND L57 NOT L59
L61
          45053 SEA SSS FUL L51 AND L57 NOT L59
               SAV L61 WEI272REGB/A
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:14:36 ON 25 JUL 2008
               D SCAN L1
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:14:36 ON 25 JUL 2008
L62
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 4265-27-4/RN
               D SCAN
L63
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 80-05-7/RN
               D SCAN
L64
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 95-15-8/RN
               D SCAN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:19:23 ON 25 JUL 2008
               D SCAN L1
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:19:24 ON 25 JUL 2008
L65
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND ?PYRROL?/CNS
               D SCAN
               D CN
L66
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 271-89-6/RN
               D SCAN
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 693-98-1/RN
L67
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:27:02 ON 25 JUL 2008
               D SCAN L1
               E "SECONDARY BATTERIES"/CT
L68
        180074 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "SECONDARY BATTERIES"+MAX/CT
         85408 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BATTER?(2A)(SECONDAR? OR LITHIUM)
1.69
        199825 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 OR L69
L70
               E LITHIUM/CT 25
          52300 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON LITHIUM(2A) (SALT OR HALIDE OR
L71
               ELECTROLYTE OR CATION OR ION)
     FILE 'ZCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:36:16 ON 25 JUL 2008
L72
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON ELECTROD? (2A) POSITIVE OR CATHOD?
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:38:18 ON 25 JUL 2008
L73
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLVENT? (2A) (ORGANIC OR NONAQUEOUS
               OR NON(W) AQUEOUS)
               D QUE STAT L47
               D QUE STAT L48
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:41:12 ON 25 JUL 2008
               D QUE STAT L40
         90575 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND 1/NR
1.74
       187818 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT L74
L75
        186965 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND 2/NR
L76
L77
        155844 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/N
L78
       147343 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/O
L79
       119040 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L77 AND L78
L80
        63851 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND 1-99/S
L81
         37023 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L79 AND L80
         82017 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L79 NOT L81
L82
L83
         41097 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 NOT (L80 OR L81 OR L82)
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:54:09 ON 25 JUL 2008
L84
        580816 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L74 OR L80 OR L81 OR L82 OR L83
         26032 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L48
L85
          5406 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND (L84 OR L85)
L86
           628 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L86 AND L71 AND L73
L87
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D QUE

L88	257	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L87 AND L72
L89				02:02 ON 25 JUL 2008 L2 AND 1-9/LI
	FILE 'STNG	UIDE' ENTERE	D AT 12:	02:38 ON 25 JUL 2008
	FILE 'REGI	STRY' ENTERE	D AT 12:	04:40 ON 25 JUL 2008
L90		LUS' ENTERED QUE ABB=ON		5:12 ON 25 JUL 2008 L89
L91	224			L88 AND L90
	FILE 'REGI	STRY' ENTERE	D AT 12:	05:34 ON 25 JUL 2008
	FILE 'HCAP	LUS' ENTERED D SCAN L1	AT 12:0	5:41 ON 25 JUL 2008
	FILE 'REGI	STRY' ENTERE	D AT 12:	05:41 ON 25 JUL 2008
L92	1	SEA ABB=ON D SCAN	PLU=ON	7439-93-2/RN
L93		SEA ABB=ON		L89 NOT (L92 OR TIS/CI)
L94	4	SEA ABB=ON D SCAN	PLU=ON	L89 NOT L93
	FILE 'HCAP	LUS' ENTERED	AT 12:0	7:51 ON 25 JUL 2008
L95		QUE ABB=ON		
L96	207	SEA ABB=ON D SCAN L1	PLU=ON	L88 AND L95
		D QUE STAT	L61	
L97		QUE ABB=ON		
L98	29	SEA ABB=ON E PASSIVATI		L96 AND L97
		E E3+ALL	011/01	
L99				PASSIVATION+MAX/CT
L100 L101				L96 AND L99 L99 AND L88
		SEA ABB=ON		
L103				FILM? OR THINFILM? OR LAYER? OR
				D? OR LAMIN? OR LAMEL? OR MULTILAYER
				? OR FOIL? OR COAT? OR TOPCOAT? OR ? OR SHEATH? OR COVER? OR ENVELOP?
		OR ENCASE?	OR ENWRA	P? OR OVERSPREAD? OR ENCAPSUL?
L104				L102(3A)L103
L105 L106		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON PLU=ON	L99 OR L104 L105 AND L88
		D SCAN		
L107		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L105 AND L87
L108 L109		SEA ABB=ON SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L101 OR L106 OR L107 L63 OR BISPHENOL A
L110		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON PLU=ON	L65 AND PHENYLSULFONYL(A)PYRROLE
L111		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L66 OR PHENYLSULFONYL (A) PYRROLE
L112		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L67 OR BENZOFURAN
L113		SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L63 OR BUTYLBENZOFURAN
L114	869	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L65 OR THIANAPHTHENE
L115	15128	SEA ABB=ON IMIDAZOLE	PLU=ON	L67 OR METHYLIMIDAZOLE OR METHYL(W)
L116	4607	SEA ABB=ON D QUE	PLU=ON	L70 AND L73
L117	31	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L116 AND ((L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR
L118	1 0	L112 OR L11		4 OR LIIS)) L117 AND L95
L119				L117 AND L93
L120		SEA ABB=ON		L118 AND L105
		D SCAN		
		D QUE L98		

		D QUE L98
L121	5	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97
L122	0	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L98 AND L105
L123	5	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L117 AND L97
L124	73077	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L109 OR L113 OR L114
L125	24	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L124 AND L116
L126	10	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L125 AND (L71 OR L72 OR L95 OR
		L105)
		D QUE L98
L127	51	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L98 OR L108 OR (L118 OR L119 OR
		L120 OR L121 OR L122 OR L123) OR L126
L128	777304	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ELECTROCHEM?/SC,SX
L129	48	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L127 AND L128
L130	33	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L129 AND L72
L131		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<2004 OR PRY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR
		MY<2004 OR REVIEW/DT
L132	27	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L130 AND L131
		SAV TEMP L132 WEI272HCP/A
		D QUE
		D QUE STAT L132
		D L132 1-27 IBIB ED ABS HITSTR HITIND